

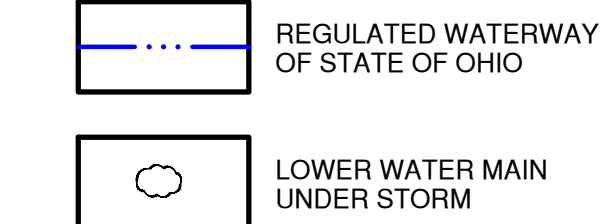
- NOTES:
- 48 hours notice to be given to affected residents before construction begins.
 - Lower 3/4" Water Services as needed to avoid conflicts with Storm with Min. 4' Cover.
 - Location of existing utilities to be determined in the field prior to work beginning.
 - All lots Sump to Sump Drain unless otherwise noted in plan.
 - Sump Lines to be installed as per Standard Service Detail. Wyes or Tees are to be placed ten feet past lot line, on the low side of specified lots, and marked with Wye poles.
 - Contractors to accept all quantities as correct prior to beginning construction.

NOTE:
At Crossings, the water main shall have a minimum vertical distance of eighteen (18") inches from storm and sanitary sewers. Also, one full length of water main shall be located so the joints are as far from the storm and sanitary sewers as possible. Fittings, not joint deflection, must be used when water main is lowered at crossings.

WATER MAIN RESTRAINT JOINT LOCATION CHART

Water Main Dia.	Horizontal 45° Bends	Vertical 45° Bends Up (Lower Water Under...)	Vertical 45° Bends Down (Lower Water Under...)	Dead Ends (Permanent & Temporary)	Tees (for Tee Branch)
6"	18' both sides	18' both sides	36' both sides	72' Back	54' 6" 72'
8"	18' both sides	36' both sides	36' both sides	90' Back	54' 72' 90'
10"	36' both sides	36' both sides	54' both sides	117' Back	54' 72' 90'
12"	36' both sides	54' both sides	72' both sides	180' Back	36' 72' 90'
14"	54' both sides	54' both sides	90' both sides	198' Back	36' 72' 90'
16"	54' both sides	54' both sides	90' both sides	216' Back	36' 54' 90'

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LOCATIONS OF PURITY TEST STATIONS WITH BCWS INSPECTOR.

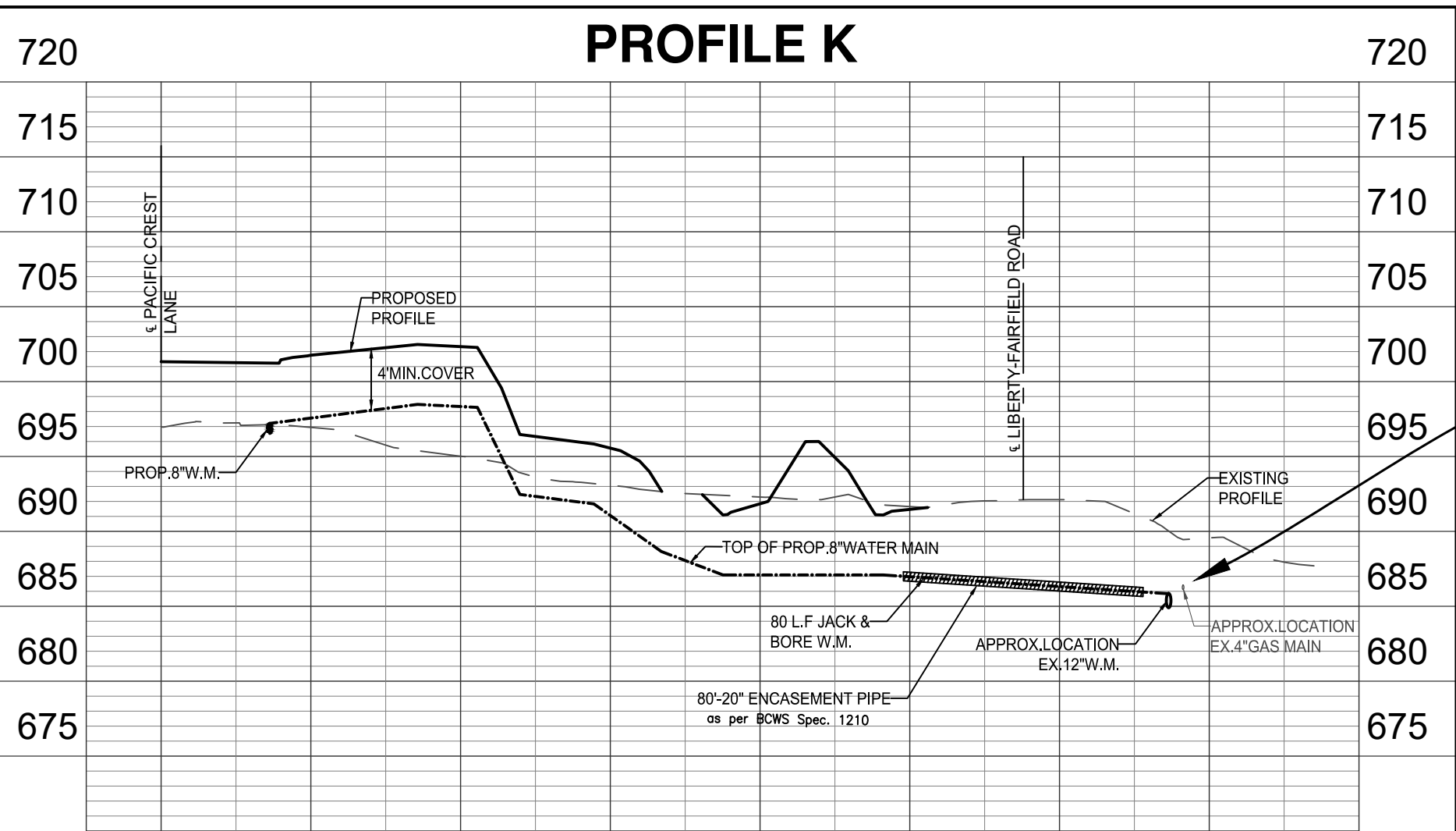


NOTE:
CONTRACTOR WILL NEED TO LOCATE AND PROPERLY ABANDON ALL EXISTING SEPTIC SYSTEMS AND PRIVATE WATER WELLS ON SITE AS PER COUNTY AND BOARD OF HEALTH STANDARDS. A PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED BEFORE ANY ABANDONMENT CAN TAKE PLACE.

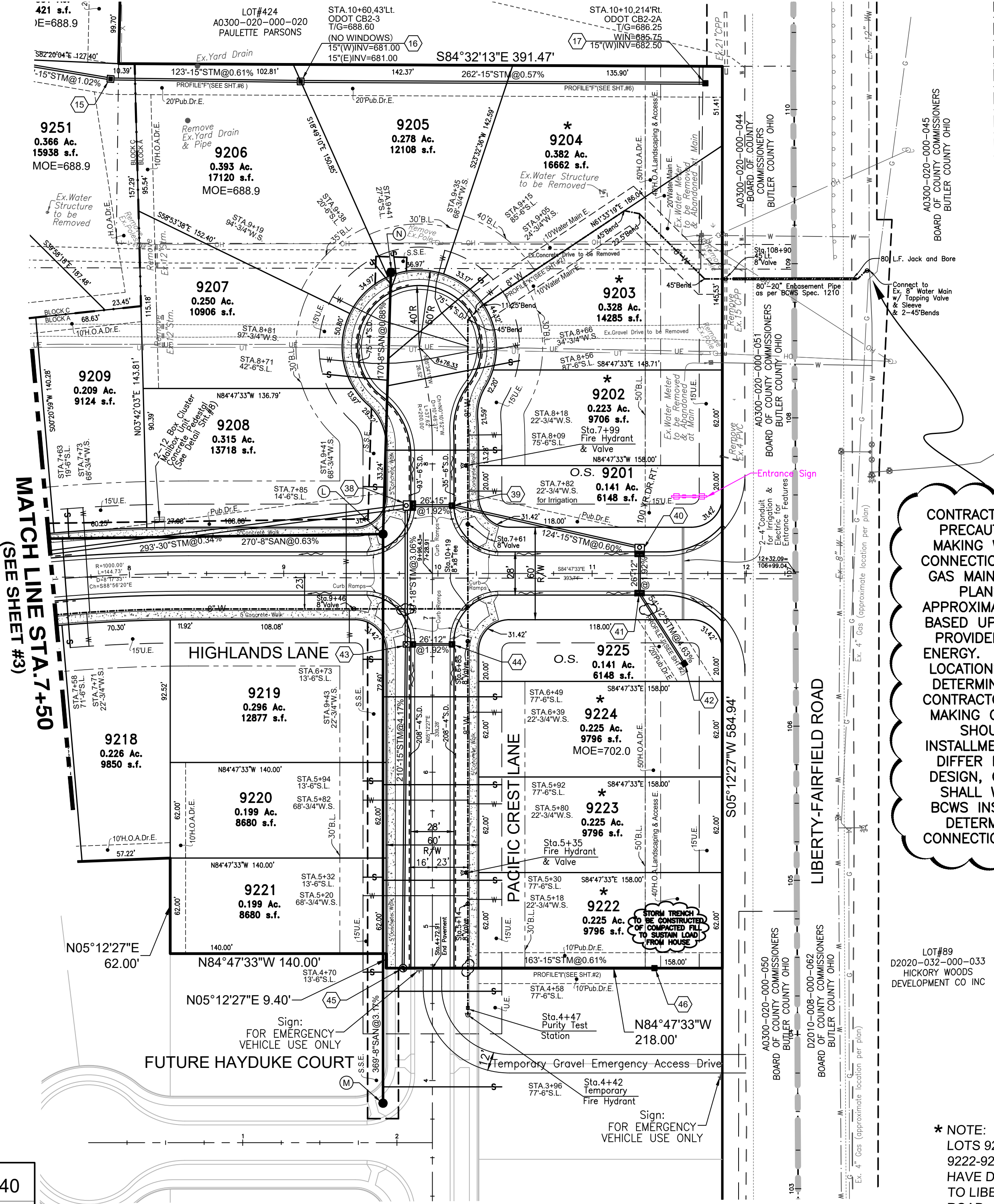
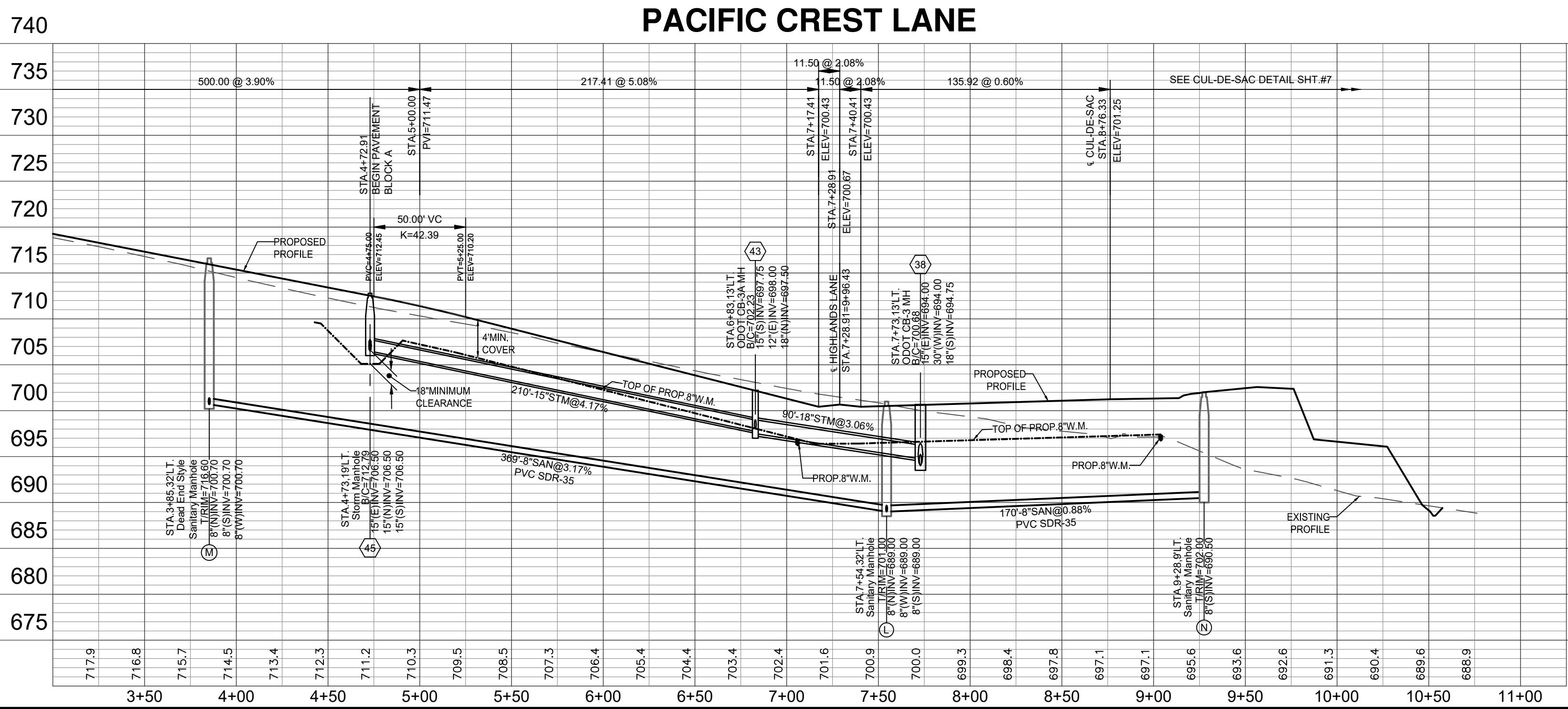
NOTE:
FOR HIGHLANDS LANE CENTERLINE PROFILE, SEE SHEET #3

CONTRACTOR TO TAKE PRECAUTION WHEN MAKING WATER MAIN CONNECTION TO NOT DISTURB EX. 4" GAS MAIN

Structure Table	
Storm #	Structure Details
39	STA 7+73.13 RT. ODOT CB-3A B/C HIG=700.88 15'(W)INV=694.50 15'(E)INV=694.50
44	STA 6+83.13 RT. ODOT CB-3A B/C HIG=702.23 12'(W)INV=696.50



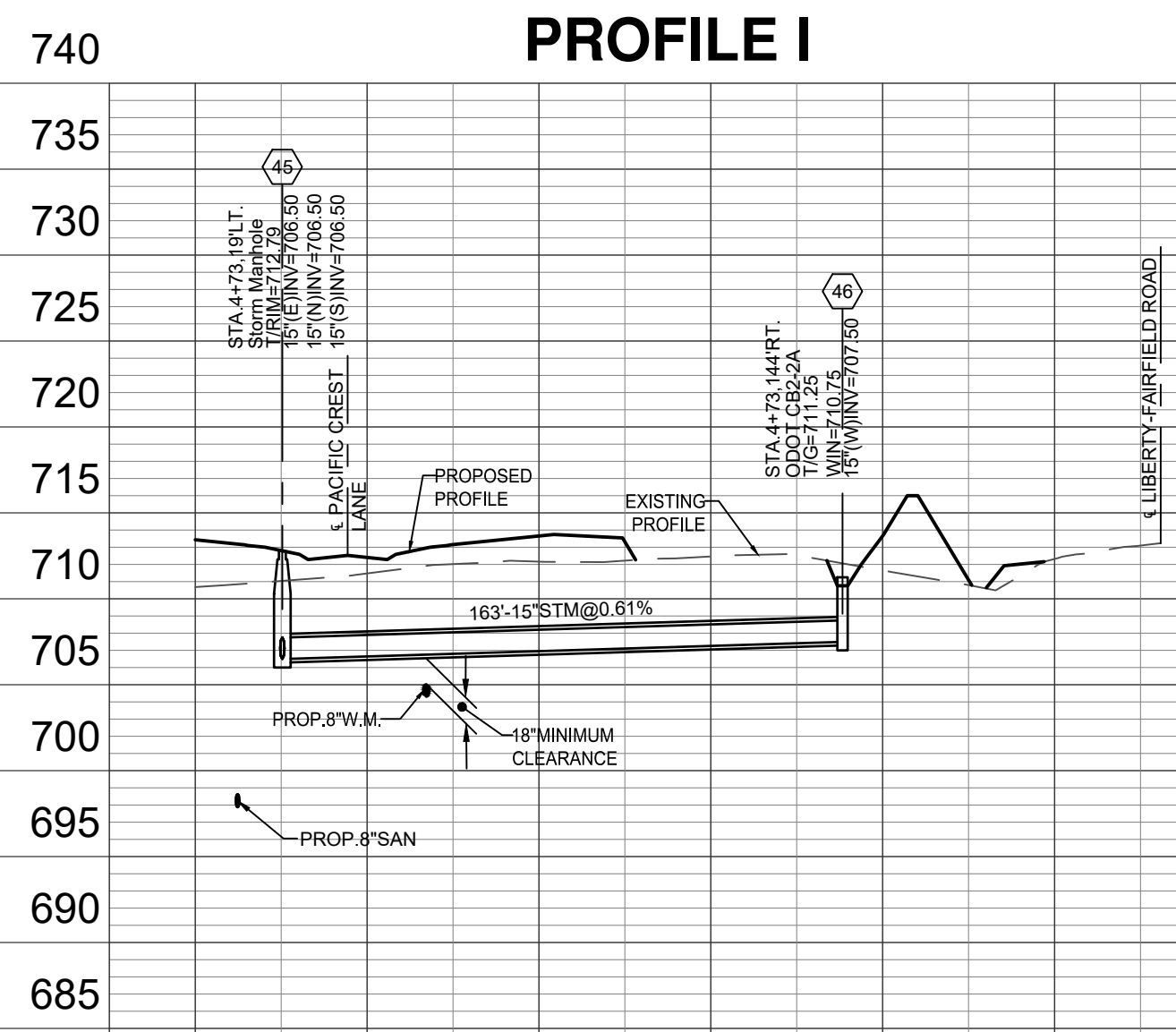
PACIFIC CREST LANE



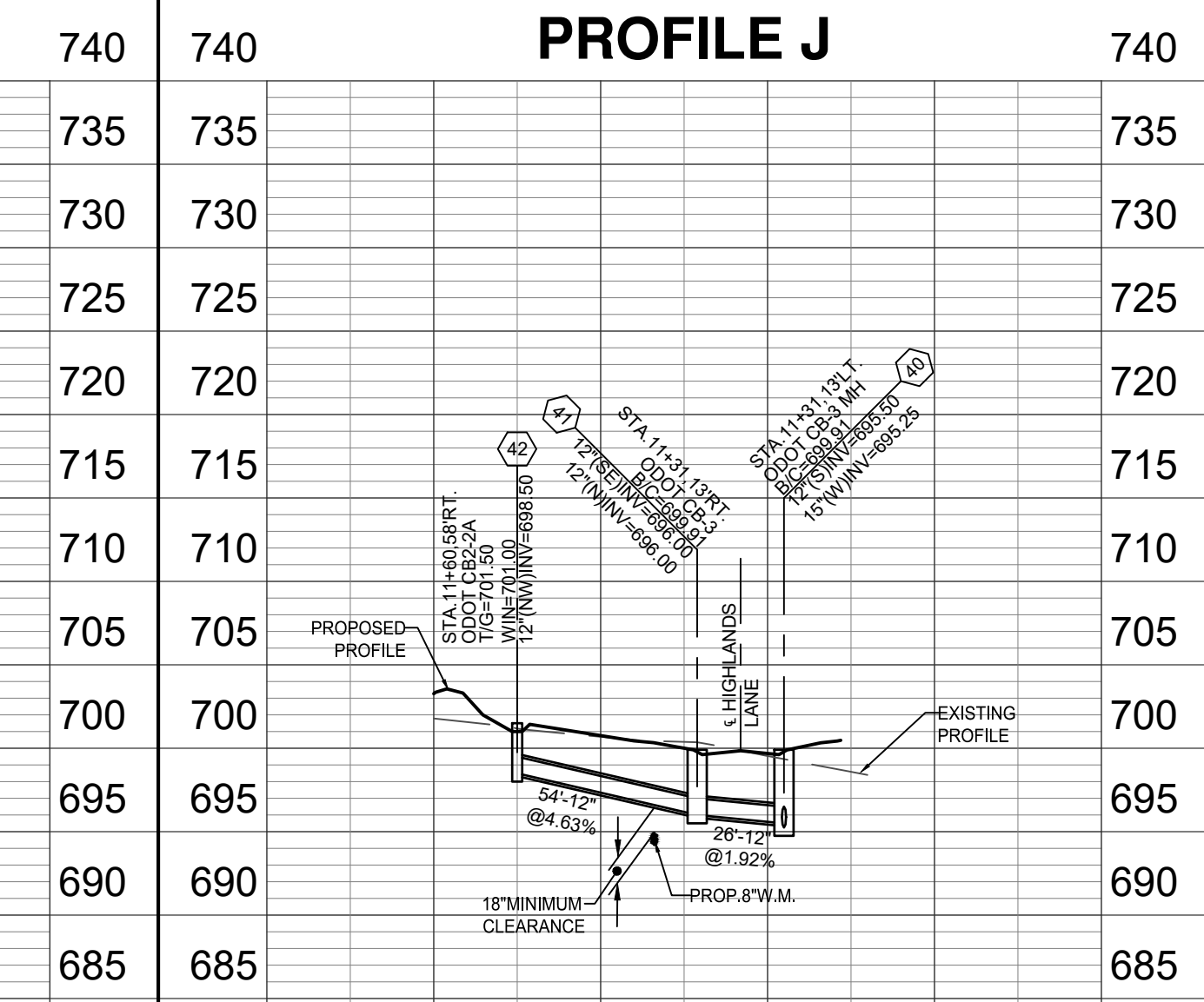
CONTRACTOR TO TAKE PRECAUTION WHEN MAKING WATER MAIN CONNECTION. EXISTING GAS MAIN SHOWN ON PLANS IS AN APPROXIMATE LOCATION BASED UPON MAPPING PROVIDED BY DUKE ENERGY. EXACT FIELD LOCATIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO MAKING CONNECTION. SHOULD THE INSTALLMENT NEED TO DIFFER FROM PLAN DESIGN, CONTRACTOR SHALL WORK WITH BCWS INSPECTOR TO DETERMINE BEST CONNECTION LOCATION.

* NOTE:
LOTS 9202-9204 AND 9222-9224 SHALL NOT HAVE DRIVEWAY ACCESS TO LIBERTY-FAIRFIELD ROAD

PROFILE I



PROFILE J



Basis of Bearing:
BASISOFBEARING

0 50 75

SCALE: 1" = 50'

ETTAM REED
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
No. 93021
Butler County, Ohio

Date	Drawn	Checked
9-15-21 <td>TAC<td></td></td>	TAC <td></td>	
9-20-21 <td>TAC<td></td></td>	TAC <td></td>	

Item	Revision Description
1	Revised as per BCWS
2	Revised as per BCWS
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	

TIMBER TRAILS

SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C

SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

PLAN & PROFILE

bayer becker

www.bayerbecker.com
6900 Tiersville Road, Suite A
Mason, OH 45040 - 513.336.6600

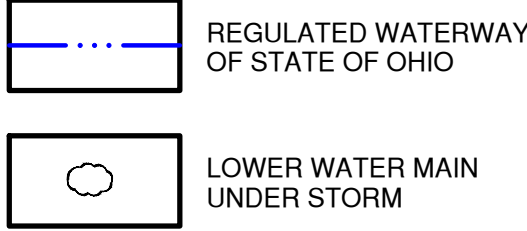
Drawing: 20-0044 CD

Drawn by: TAC

Checked By: XXX

Issue Date: 8-20-21

Sheet: 2/15



- NOTES:
- 48 hours notice to be given to affected residents before construction begins.
 - Lower 3/4" Water Services as needed to avoid conflicts with Storm with Min. 4" Cover.
 - Location of existing utilities to be determined in the field prior to work beginning.
 - All lots Sump to Sump Drain unless otherwise noted in plan.
 - Sump Lines to be installed as per Standard Service Detail. Wyes or Tees are to be placed ten feet past lot line, on the low side of specified lots, and marked with Wye poles.
 - Contractors to accept all quantities as correct prior to beginning construction.

NOTE:
At Crossings, the water main shall have a minimum vertical distance of eighteen (18") inches from storm and sanitary sewers. Also, one full length of water main shall be located so the joints are as far from the storm and sanitary sewers as possible. Fittings, not joint deflection, must be used when water main is lowered at crossings.

WATER MAIN RESTRAINT JOINT LOCATION CHART

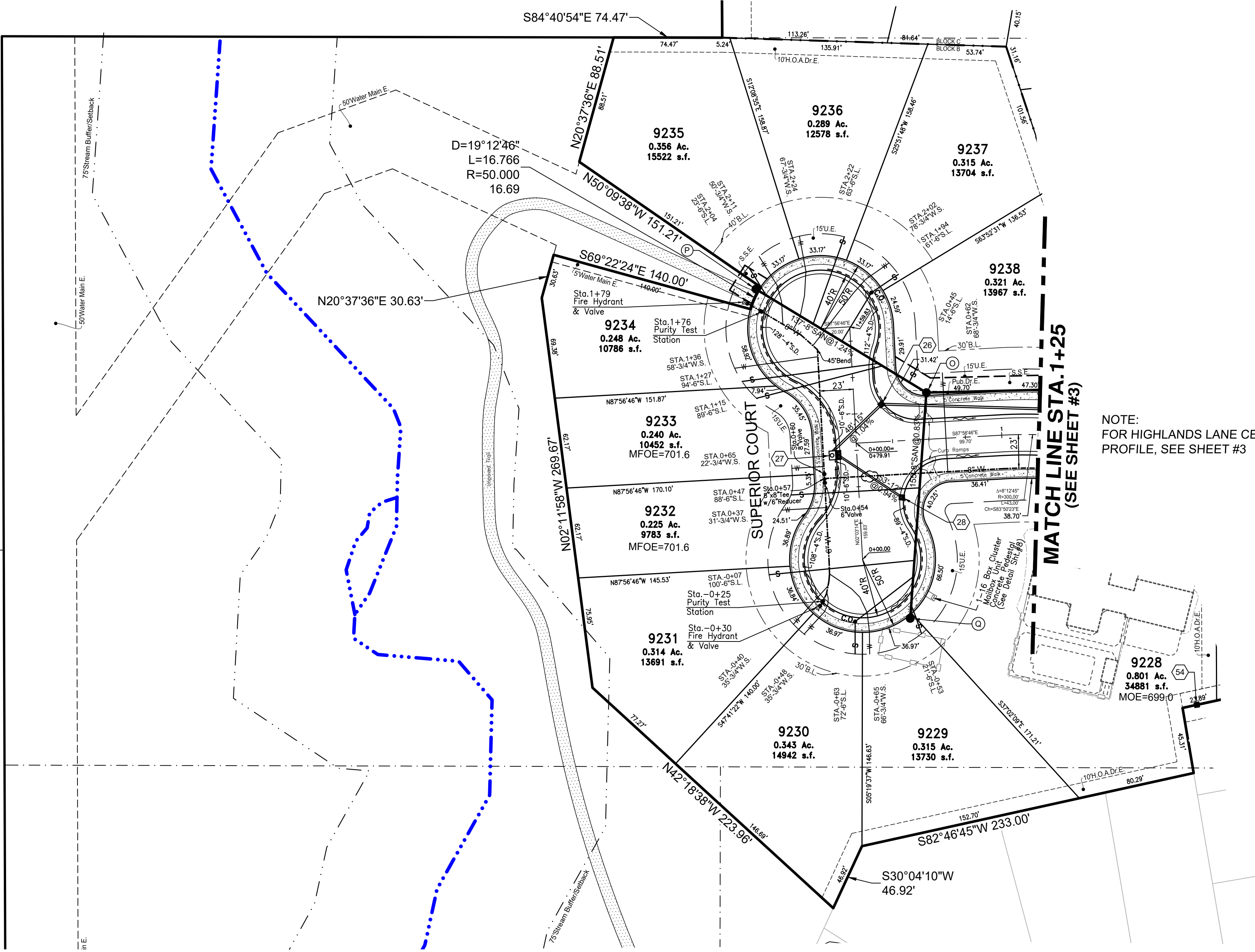
Water Main Dia.	Horizontal 45'Bends	Vertical 45'Bends Up (Lower Water Under...)	Vertical 45'Bends Down (Lower Water Under...)	Dead Ends (Permanent & Temporary)	Tees (for Tee Branch)	
					6"	8" 10"
6"	18' both sides	18' both sides	36' both sides	72' Back	54'	
8"	18' both sides	36' both sides	36' both sides	90' Back	54'	72'
10"	36' both sides	36' both sides	54' both sides	117' Back	54'	72' 90'
12"	36' both sides	54' both sides	72' both sides	180' Back	36'	72' 90'
14"	54' both sides	54' both sides	90' both sides	198' Back	36'	72' 90'
16"	54' both sides	54' both sides	90' both sides	216' Back	36'	54' 90'

NOTE:
CONTRACTOR WILL NEED TO LOCATE AND PROPERLY ABANDON ALL EXISTING SEPTIC SYSTEMS AND PRIVATE WATER WELLS ON SITE AS PER COUNTY AND BOARD OF HEALTH STANDARDS. A PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED BEFORE ANY ABANDONMENT CAN TAKE PLACE.

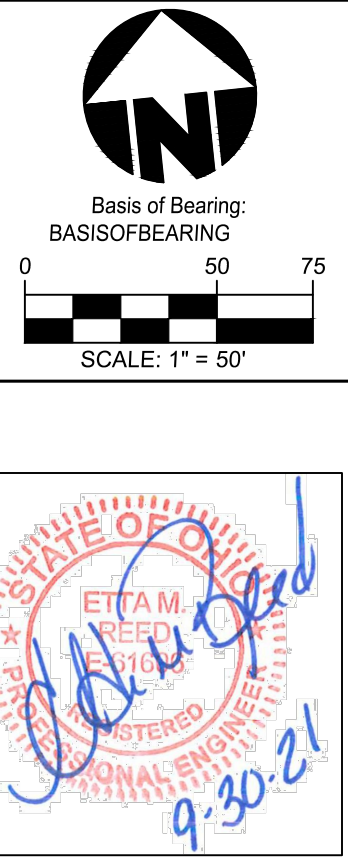
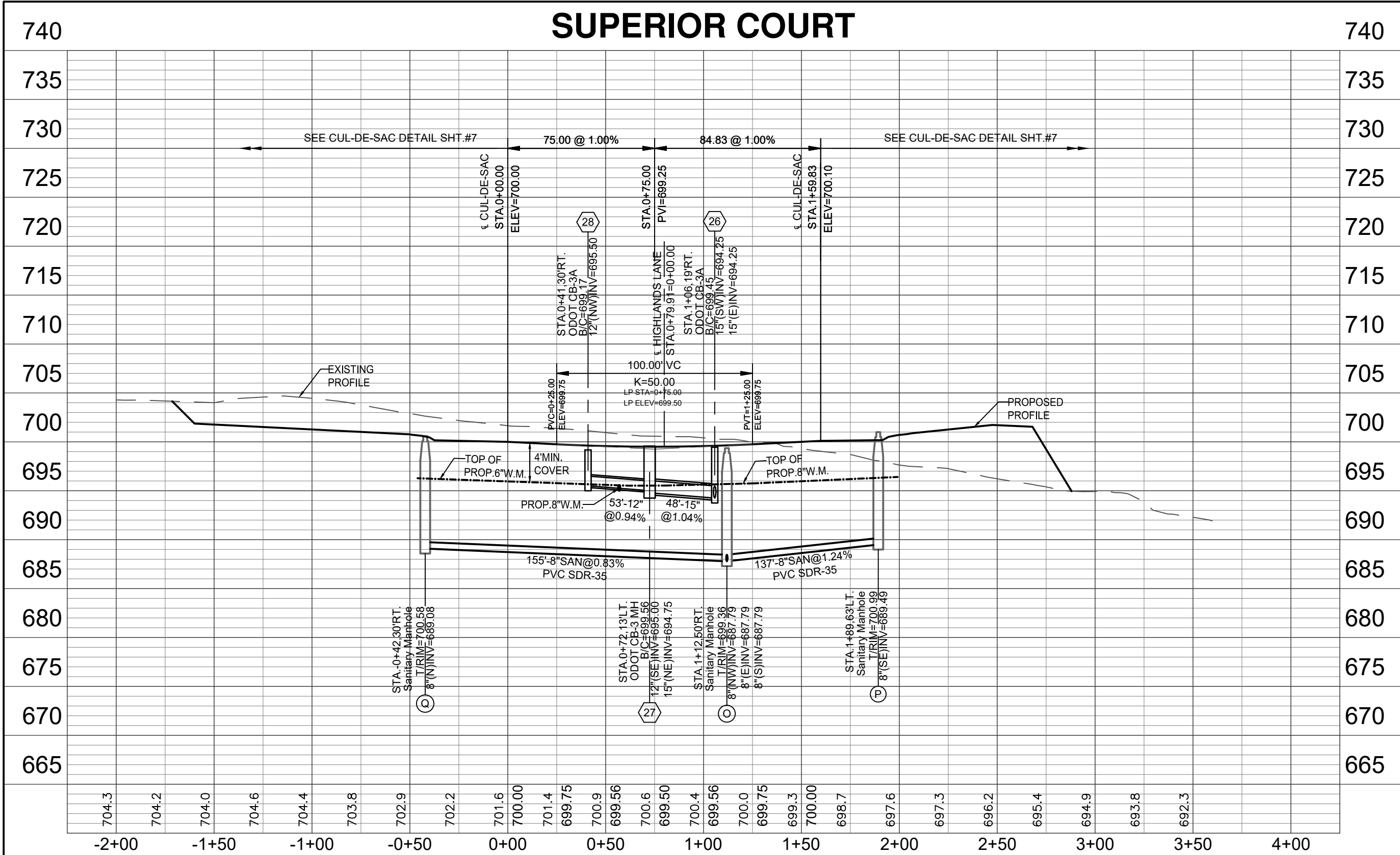
NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LOCATIONS OF PURITY TEST STATIONS WITH BCWS INSPECTOR.

LOT#417
A0300-020-000-025
METROPARKS OF BUTLER COUNTY

LOT#428
A0300-020-000-026
METROPARKS OF BUTLER COUNTY



NOTE:
FOR HIGHLANDS LANE CENTERLINE PROFILE, SEE SHEET #3

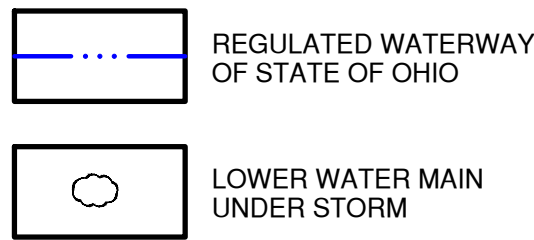


Item	Revision Description	Date	Drawn	Checked
1	Revised as per BCWS	9-15-21	TAC	
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				

TIMBER TRAILS
SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C
SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO



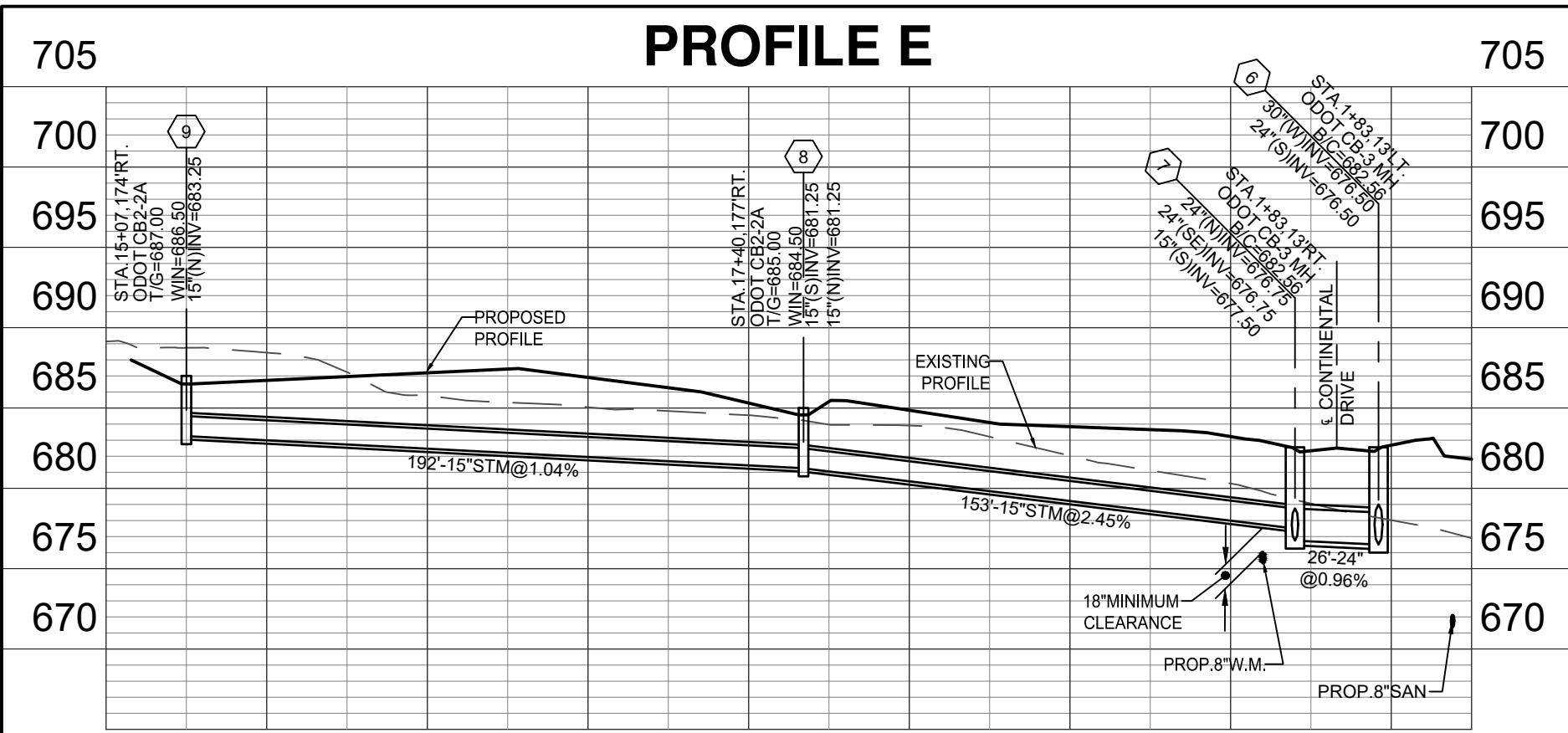
Drawing: 20-0044 CD
Drawn by: TAC
Checked by: XXX
Issue Date: 8-20-21



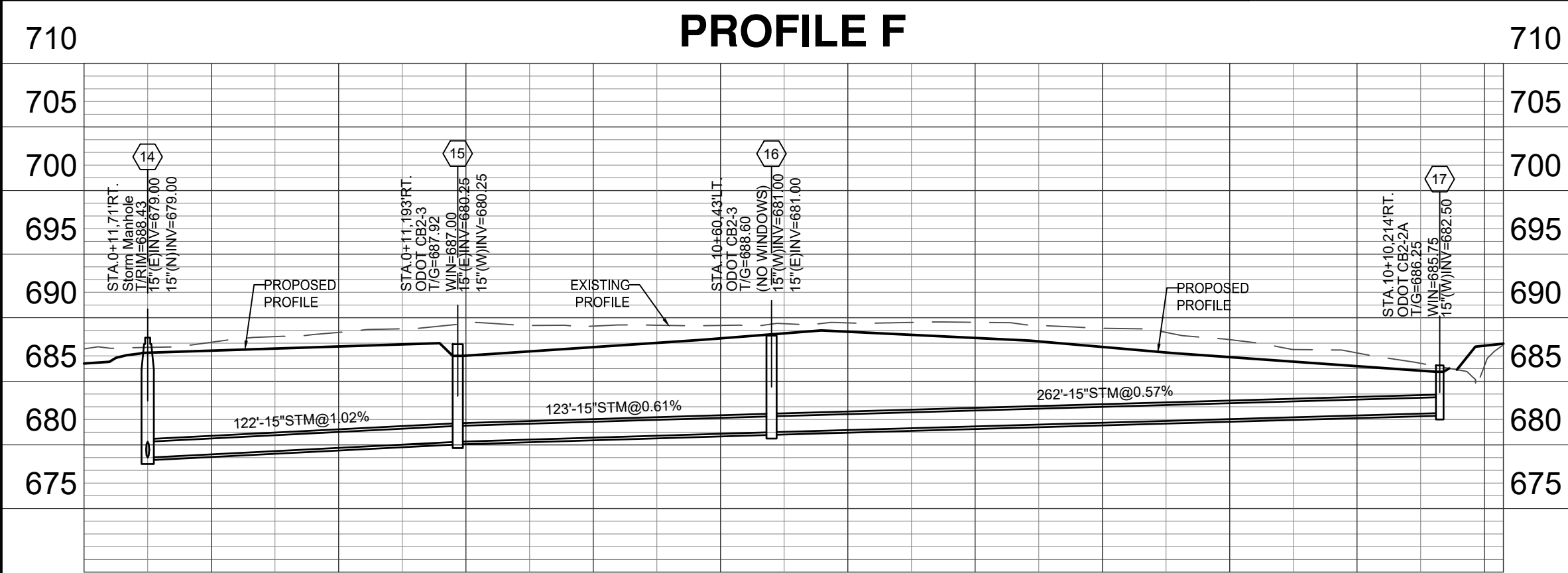
NOTES:

- 48 hours notice to be given to affected residents before construction begins.
- Lower 3/4" Water Services as needed to avoid conflicts with Storm with Min. 4' Cover.
- Location of existing utilities to be determined in the field prior to work beginning.
- All lots Sump to Sump Drain unless otherwise noted in plan.
- Sump Lines to be installed as per Standard Service Detail. Wyes or Tees are to be placed ten feet past lot line, on the low side of specified lots, and marked with Wye poles.
- Contractors to accept all quantities as correct prior to beginning construction.

NOTE:
CONTRACTOR WILL NEED TO LOCATE AND PROPERLY ABANDON ALL EXISTING SEPTIC SYSTEMS AND PRIVATE WATER WELLS ON SITE AS PER COUNTY AND BOARD OF HEALTH STANDARDS. A PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED BEFORE ANY ABANDONMENT CAN TAKE PLACE.



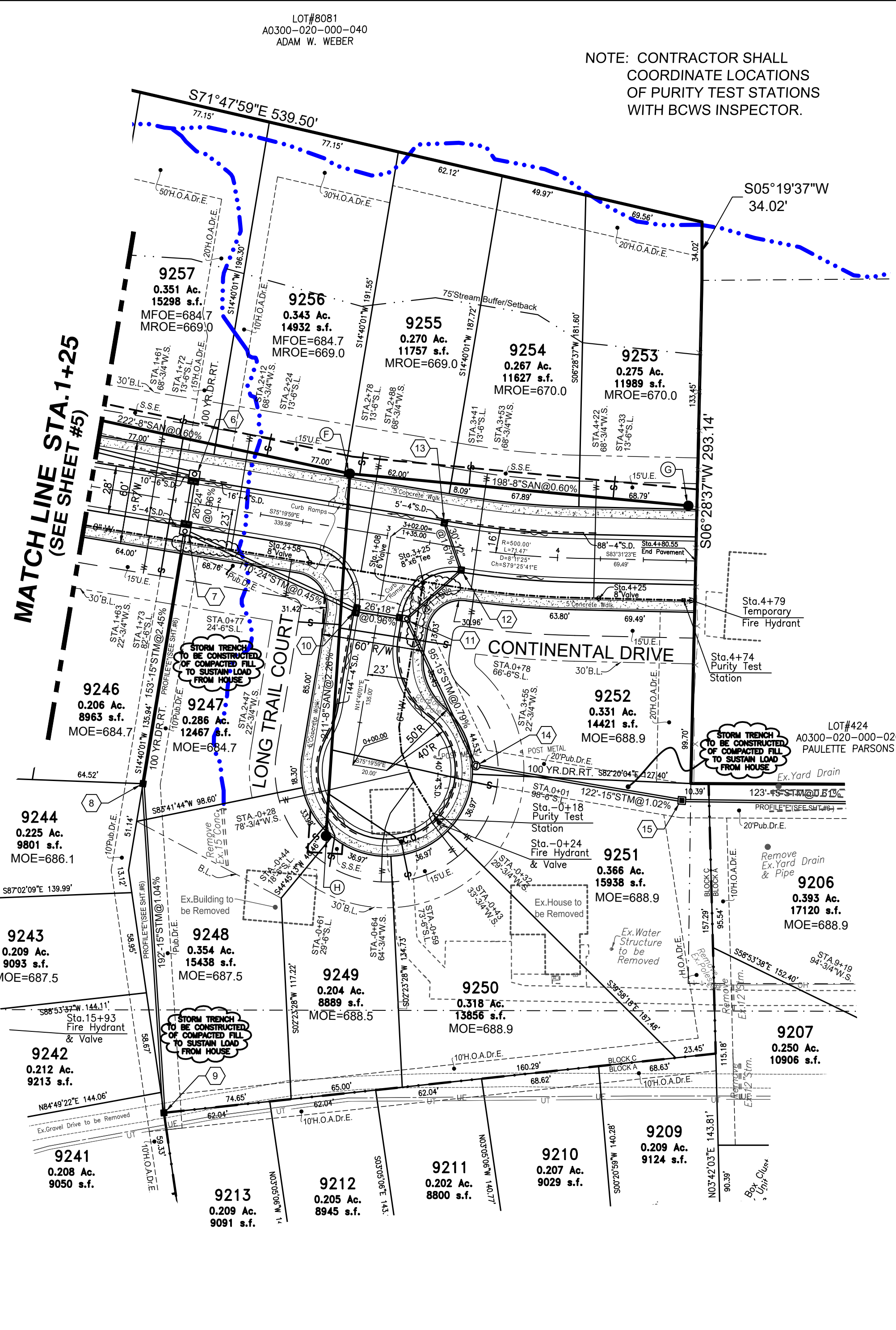
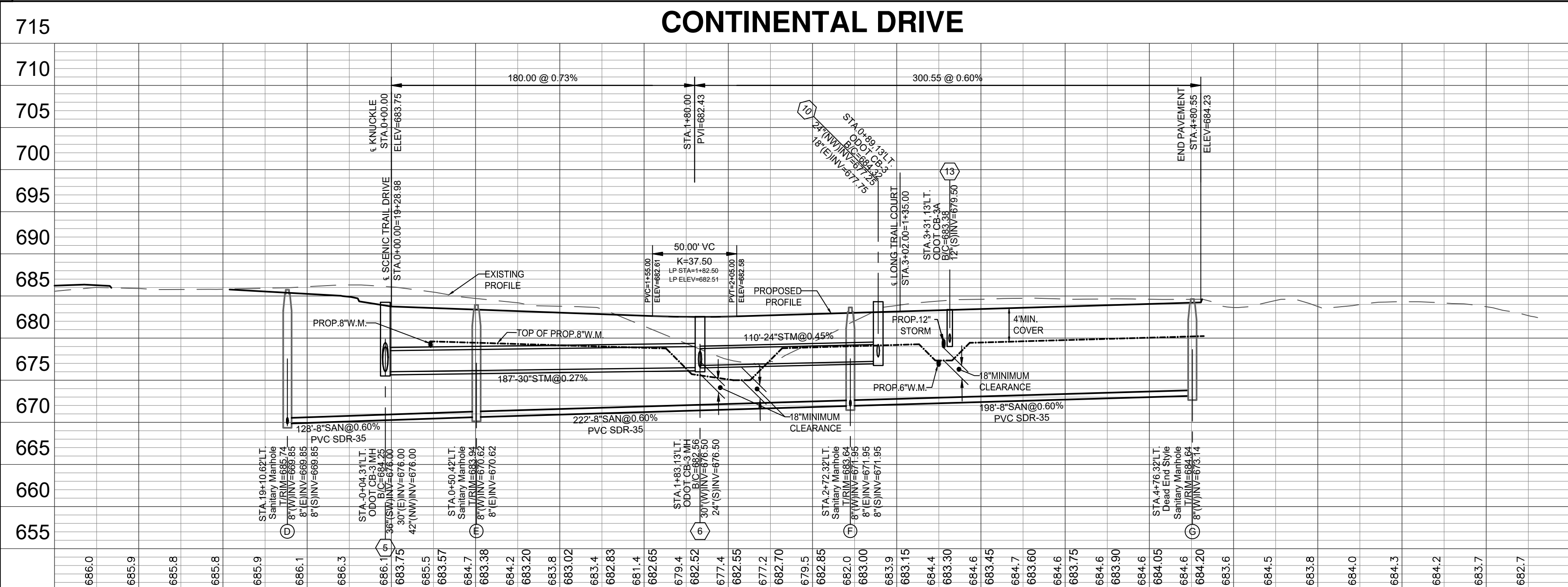
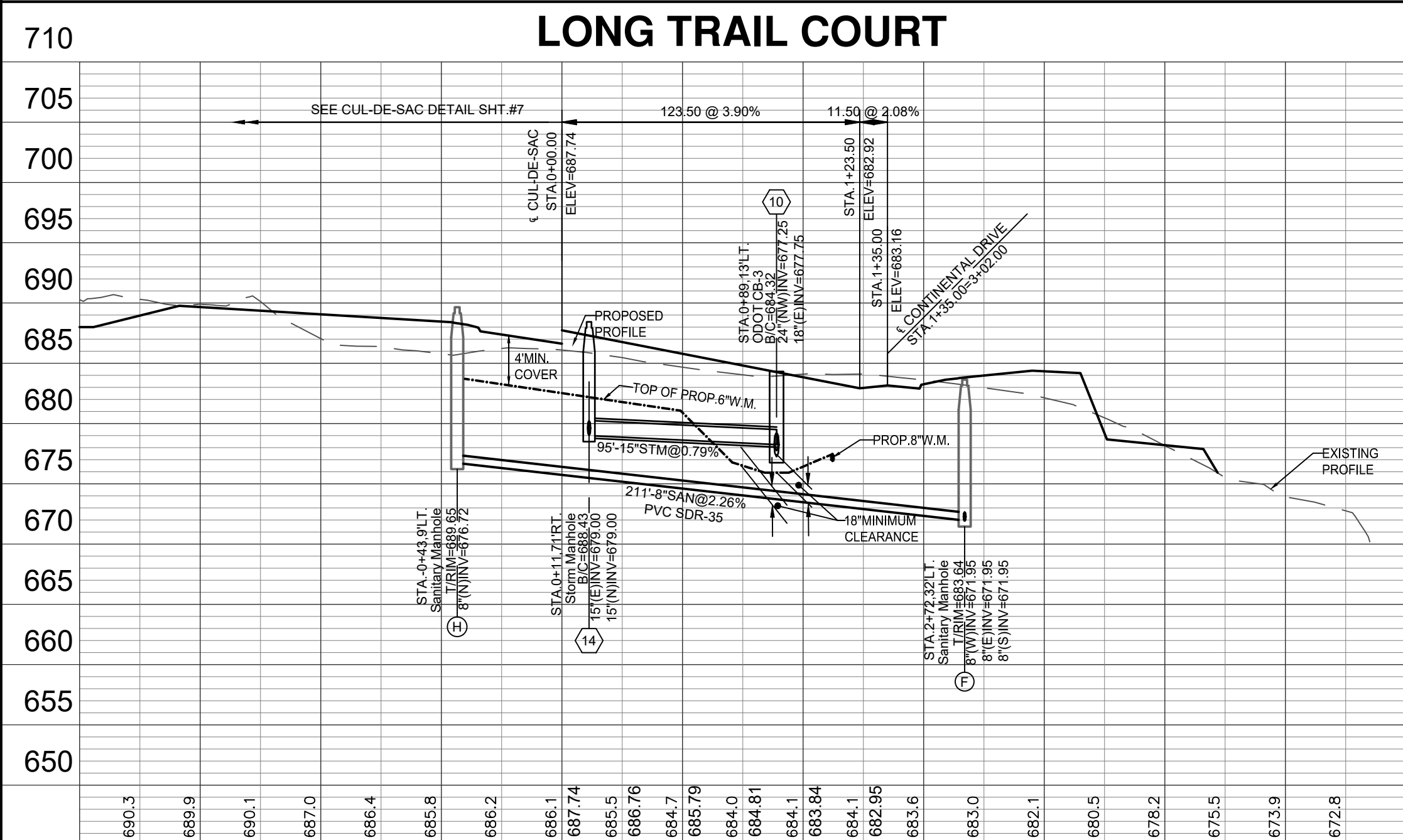
Structure Table	
Storm #	Structure Details
11	STA 0+89.13 RT. ODOT CB-3A MH B/C T&R=684.32 18"(W)INV=678.00 15"(S)INV=678.25 12"(N)INV=678.50
12	STA 3+45.13 RT. ODOT CB-3A B/C T&R=683.57 12"(S)W)INV=679.00 12"(N)INV=679.00



NOTE:
At Crossings, the water main shall have a minimum vertical distance of eighteen (18") inches from storm and sanitary sewers. Also, one full length of water main shall be located so the joints are as far from the storm and sanitary sewers as possible. Fittings, not joint deflection, must be used when water main is lowered at crossings.

WATER MAIN RESTRAINT JOINT LOCATION CHART

Water Main Dia.	Horizontal 45° Bends	Vertical 45° Bends Up (Lower Water Under...)	Vertical 45° Bends Down (Lower Water Under...)	Dead Ends (Permanent & Temporary)	Tees (for Tee Branch)
6"	18' both sides	18' both sides	36' both sides	72' Back	54' 54' 10'
8"	18' both sides	36' both sides	36' both sides	90' Back	54' 72' 90'
10"	36' both sides	36' both sides	54' both sides	117' Back	54' 72' 90'
12"	36' both sides	54' both sides	72' both sides	180' Back	36' 72' 90'
14"	54' both sides	54' both sides	90' both sides	198' Back	36' 72' 90'
16"	54' both sides	54' both sides	90' both sides	216' Back	36' 54' 90'



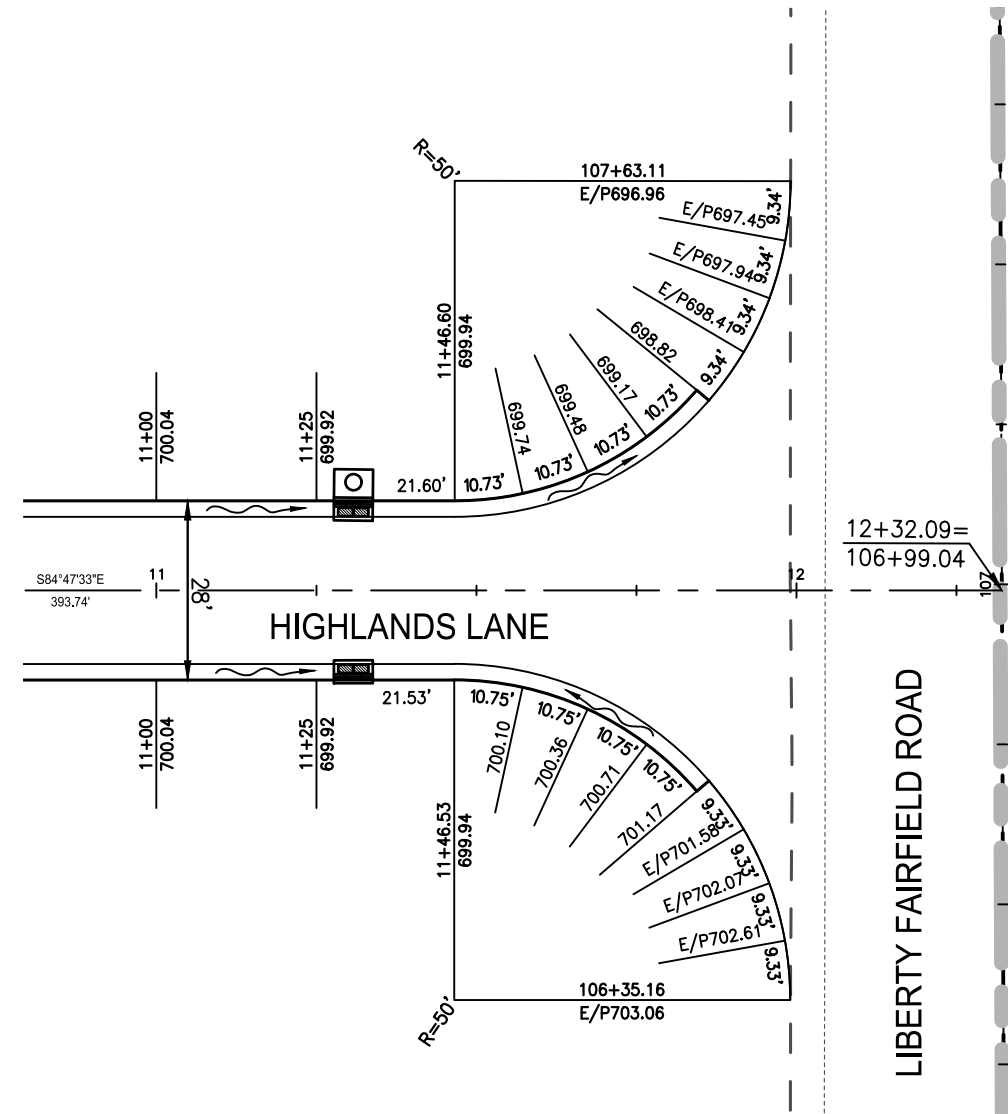
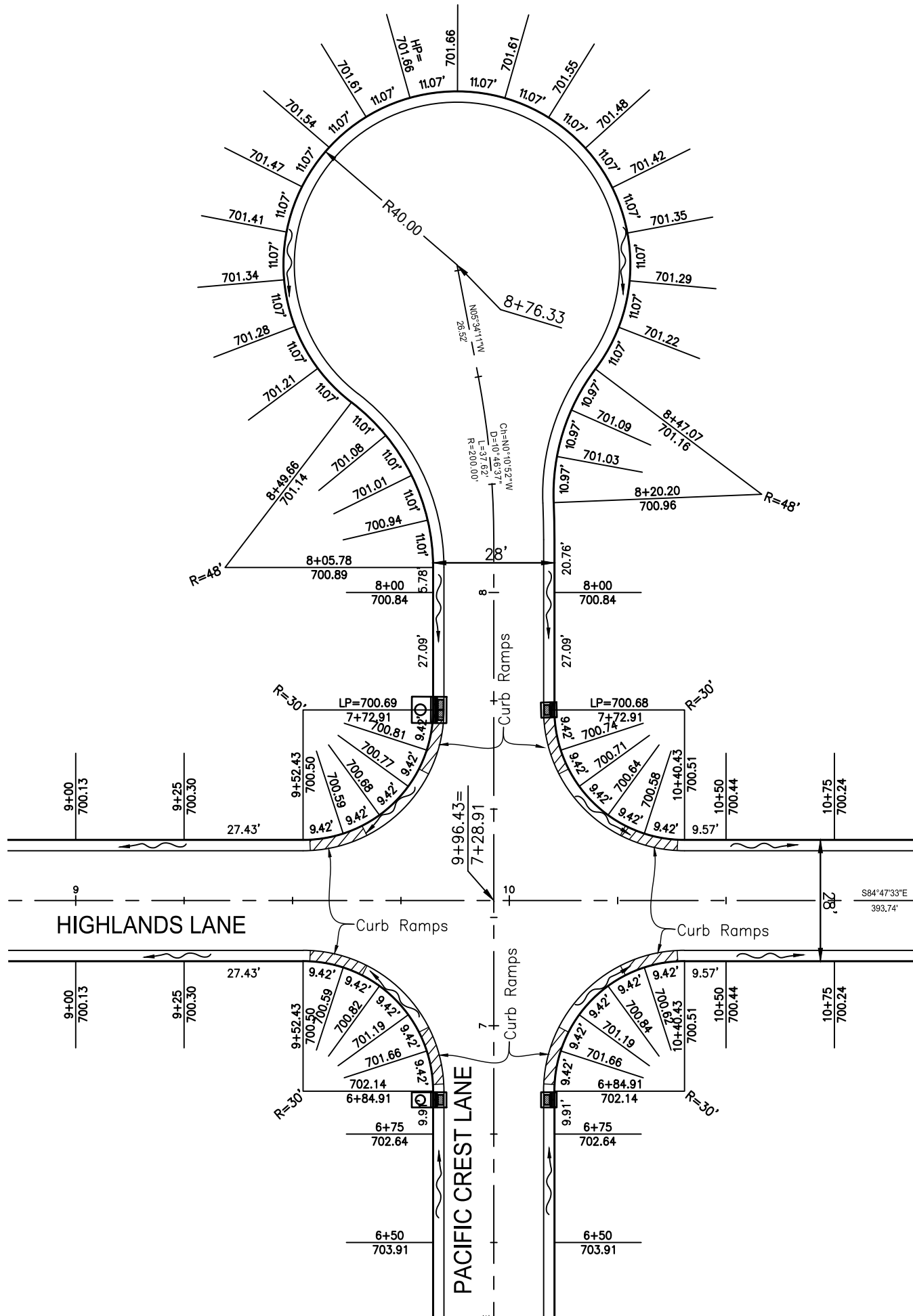
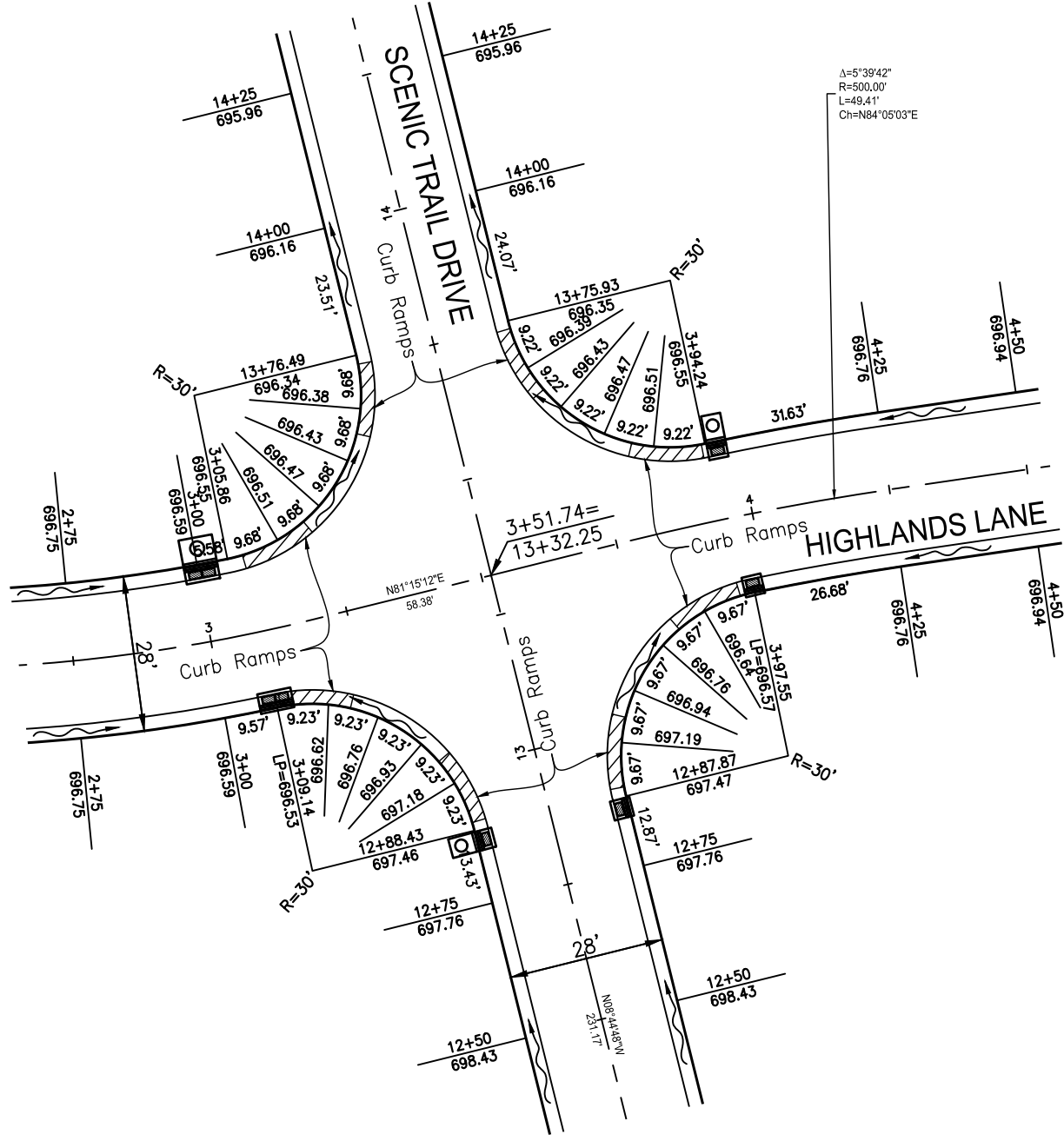
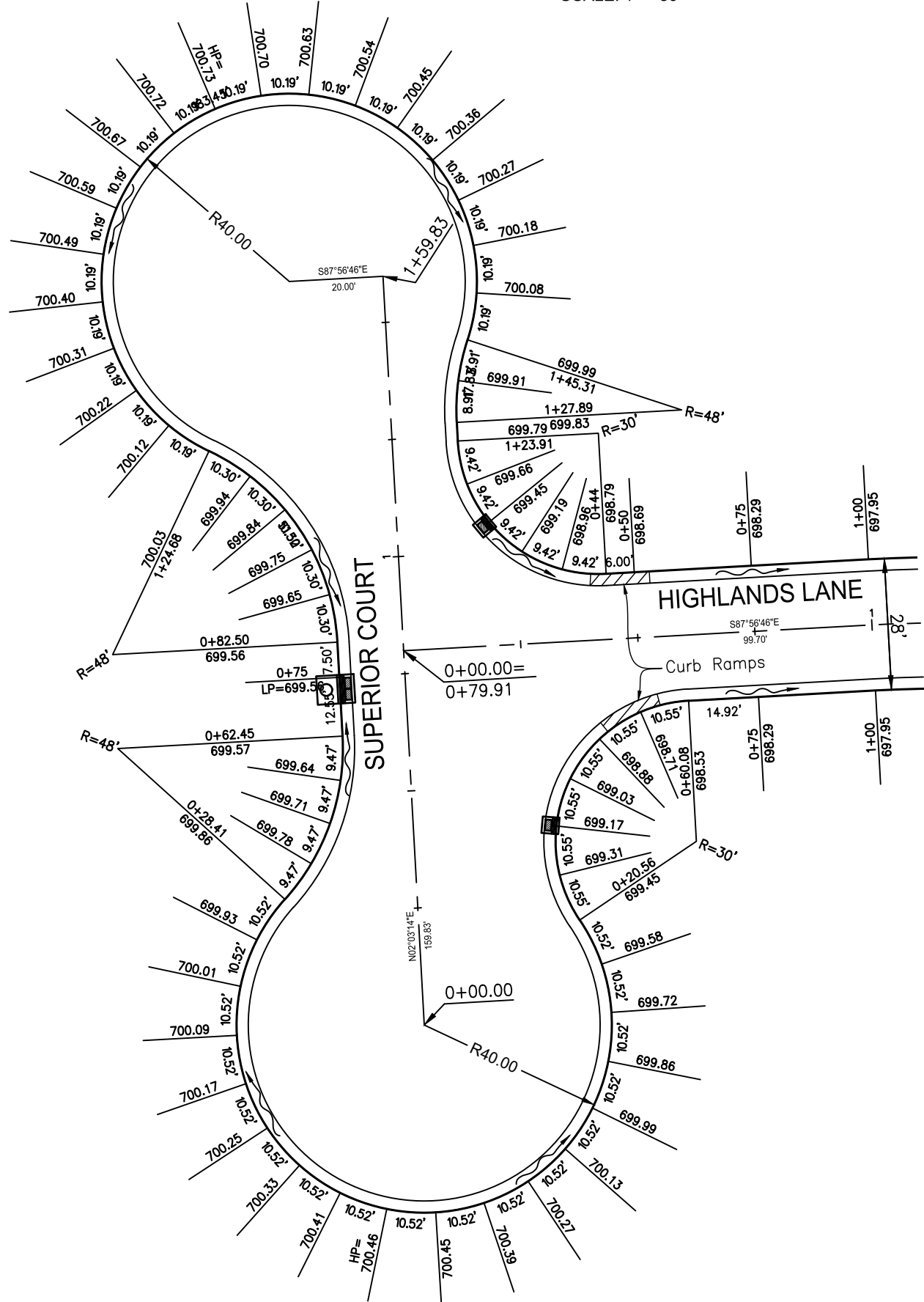
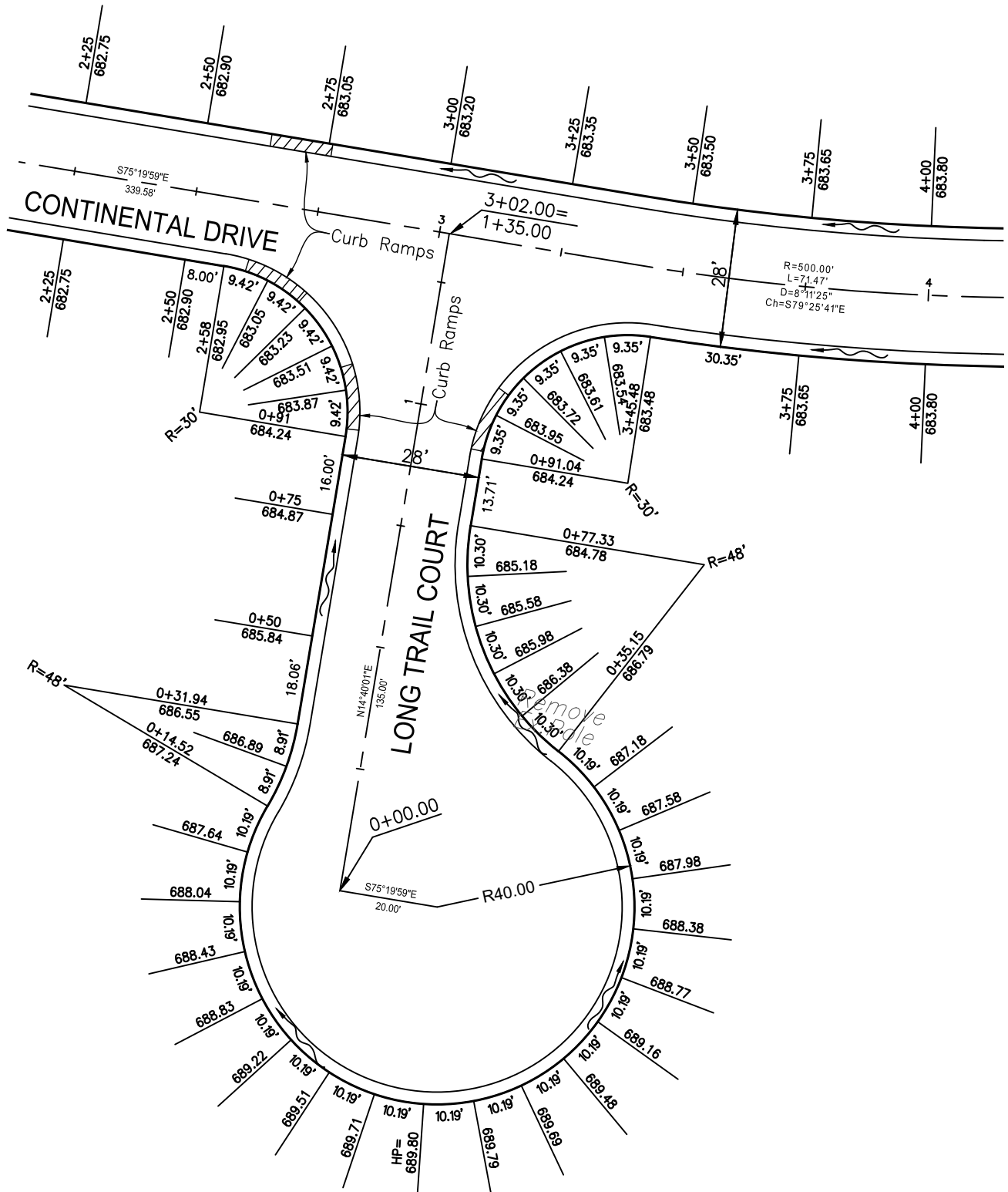
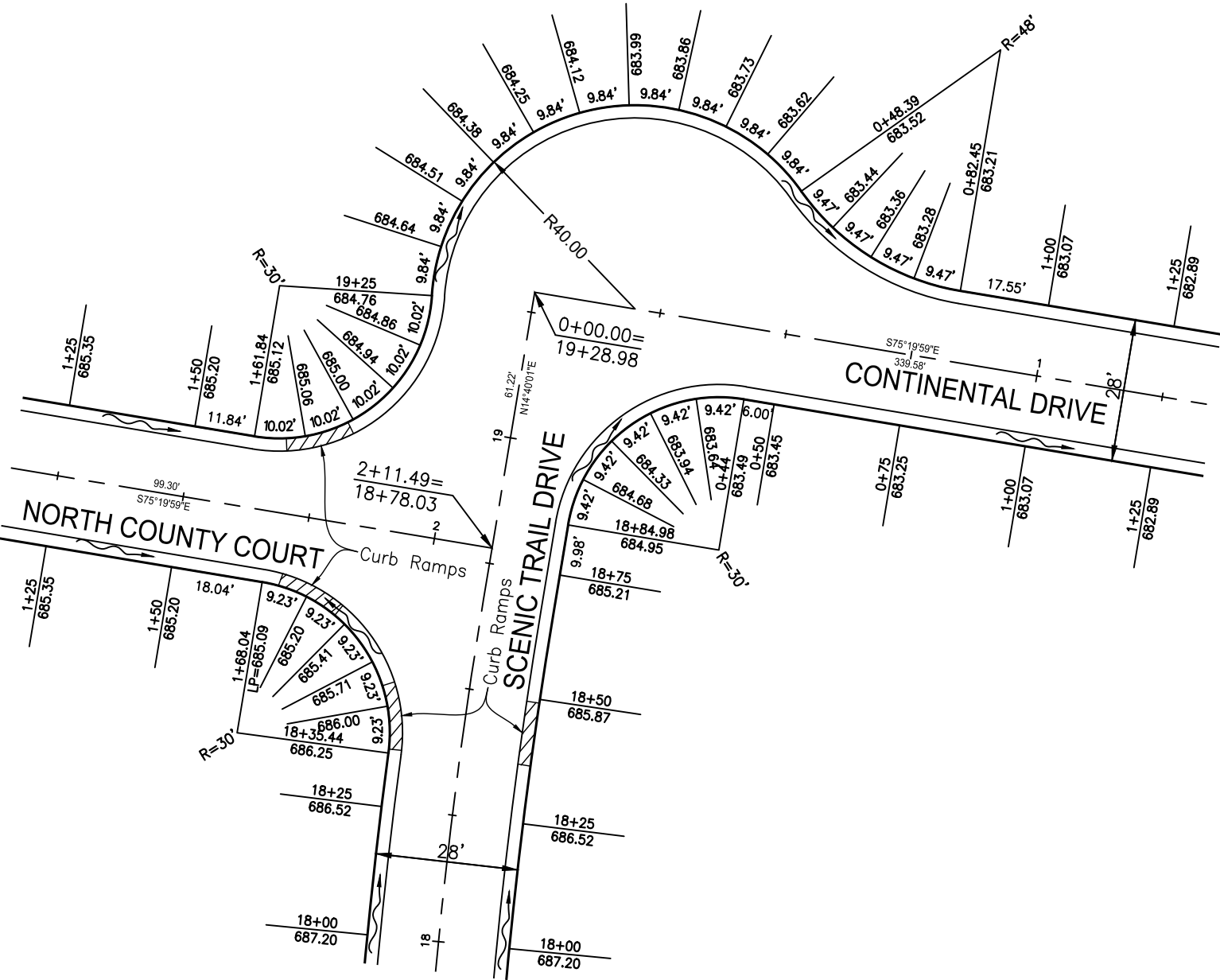
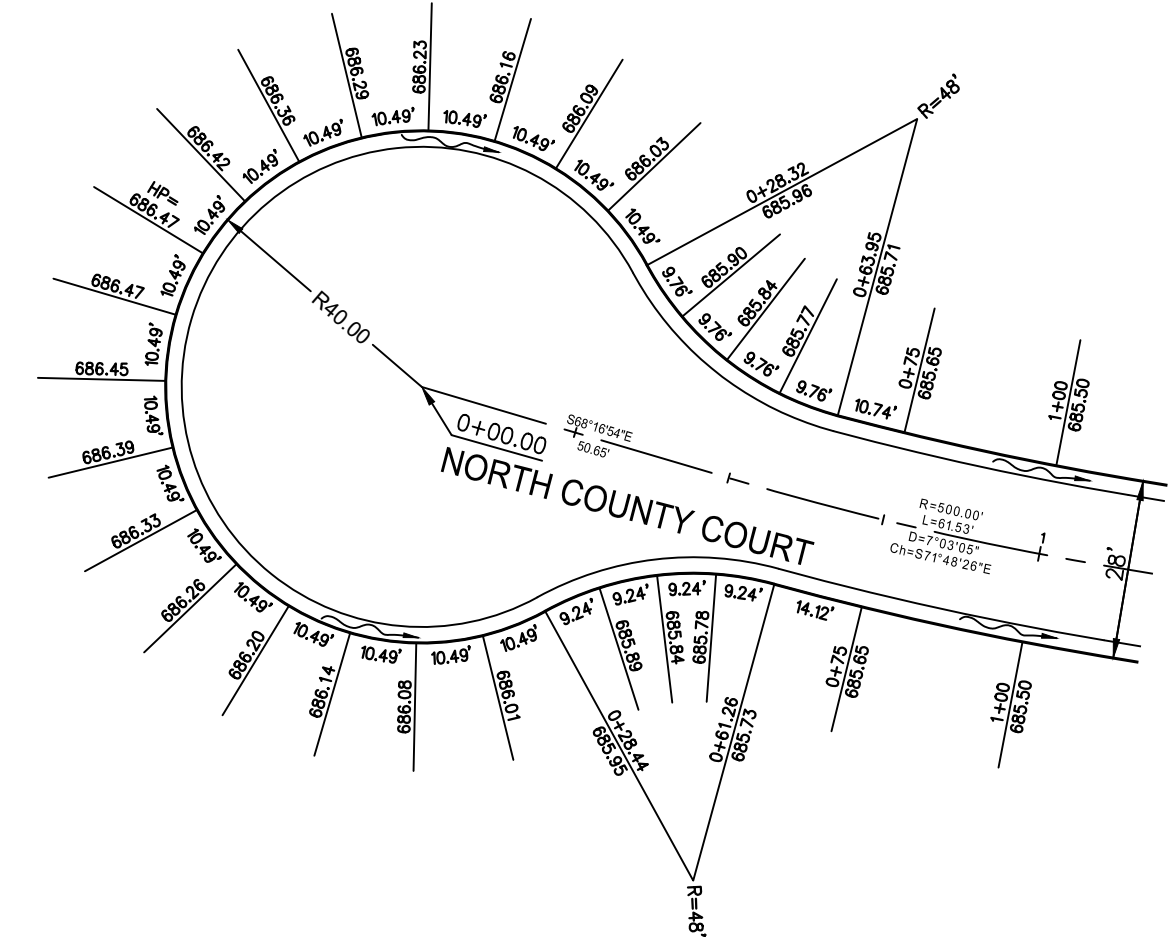
TIMBER TRAILS
SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C
SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

PLAN & PROFILE

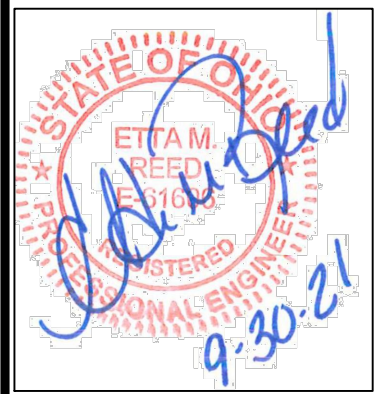
bayer becker
www.bayerbecker.com
6800 Oak Ridge Road, Suite A
Mason, OH 45040-3133, 513.336.6600

Drawing: 20-0044 CD
Drawn by: TAC
Checked by: XXX
Issue Date: 8-20-21

Sheet: **6/15**

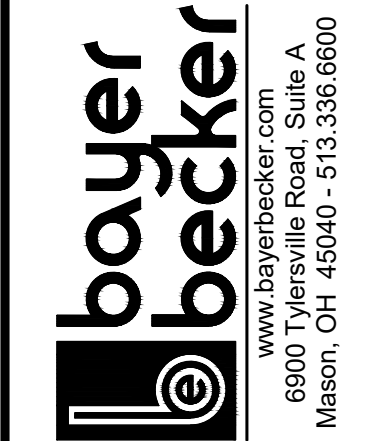


Basis of Bearing:
BASISOFBEARING



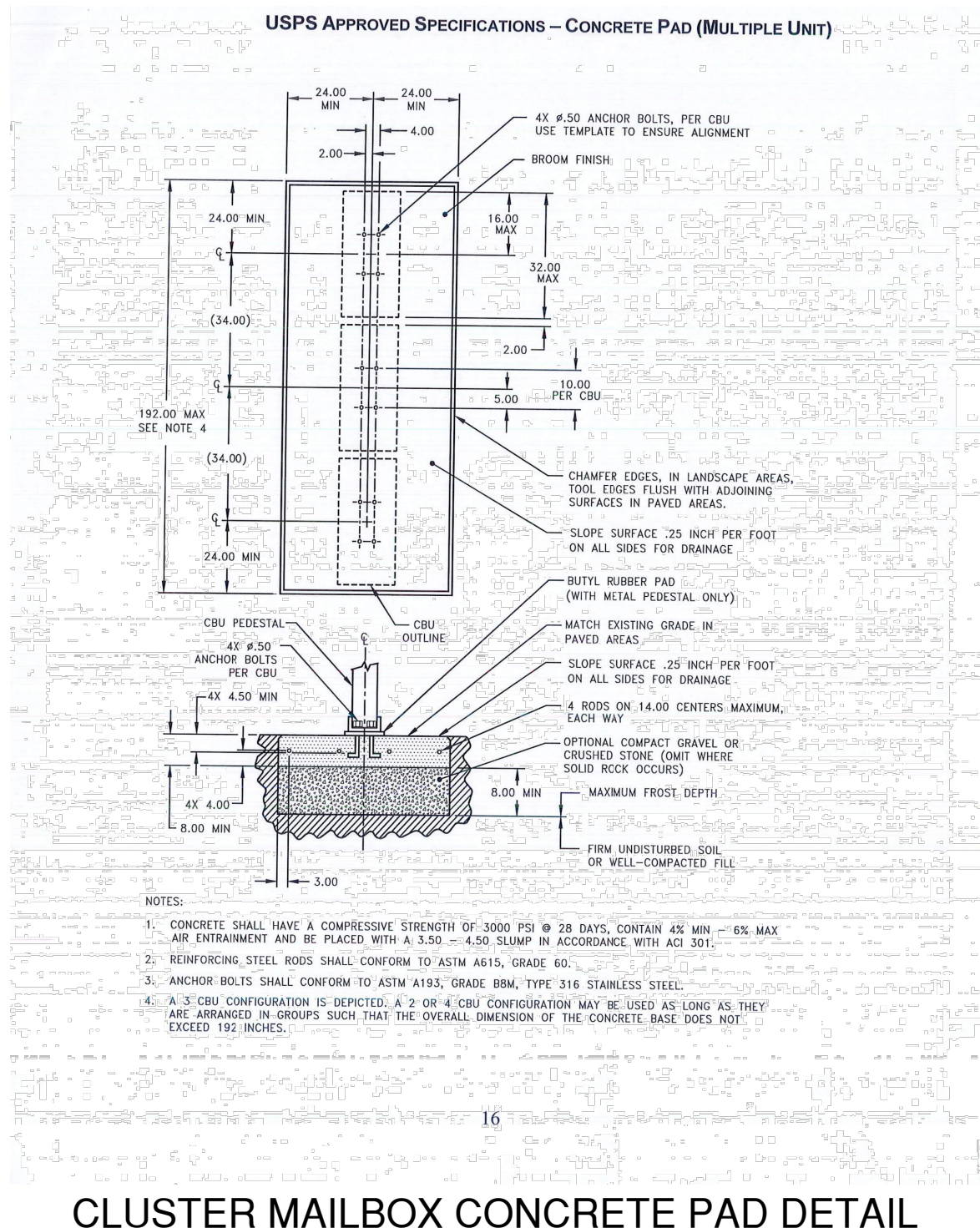
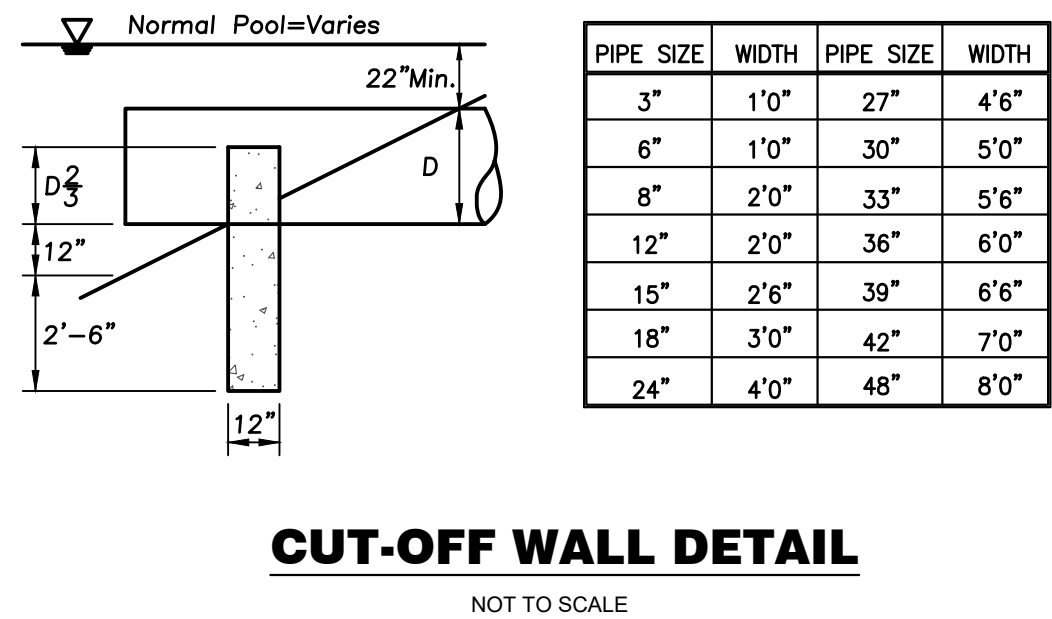
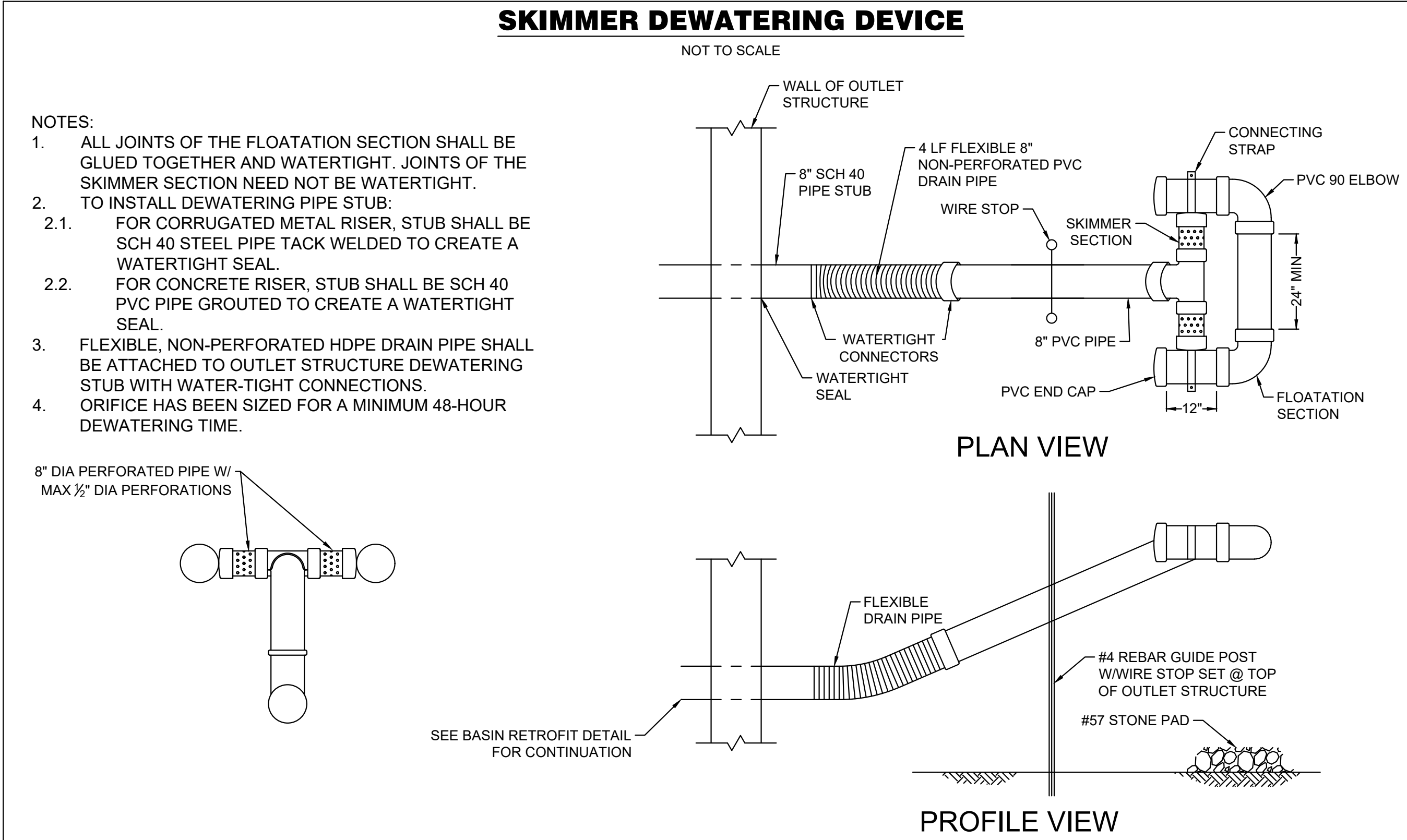
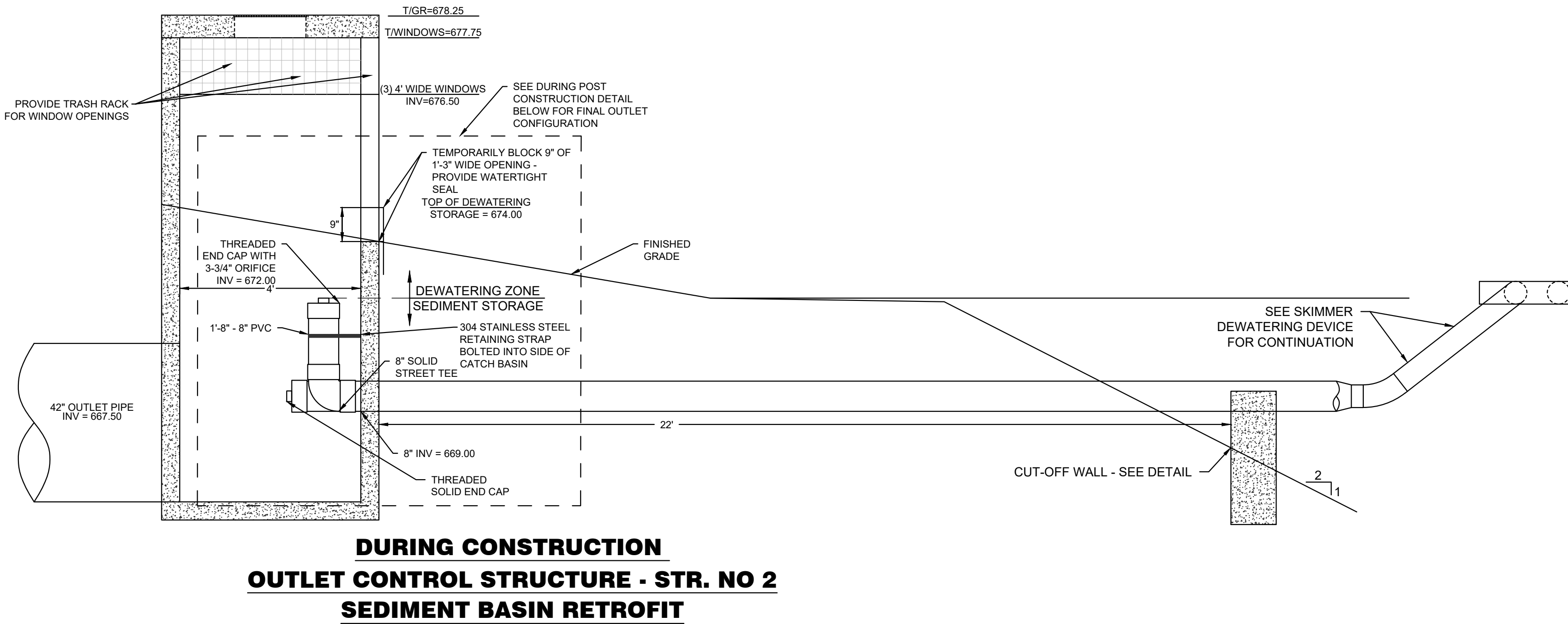
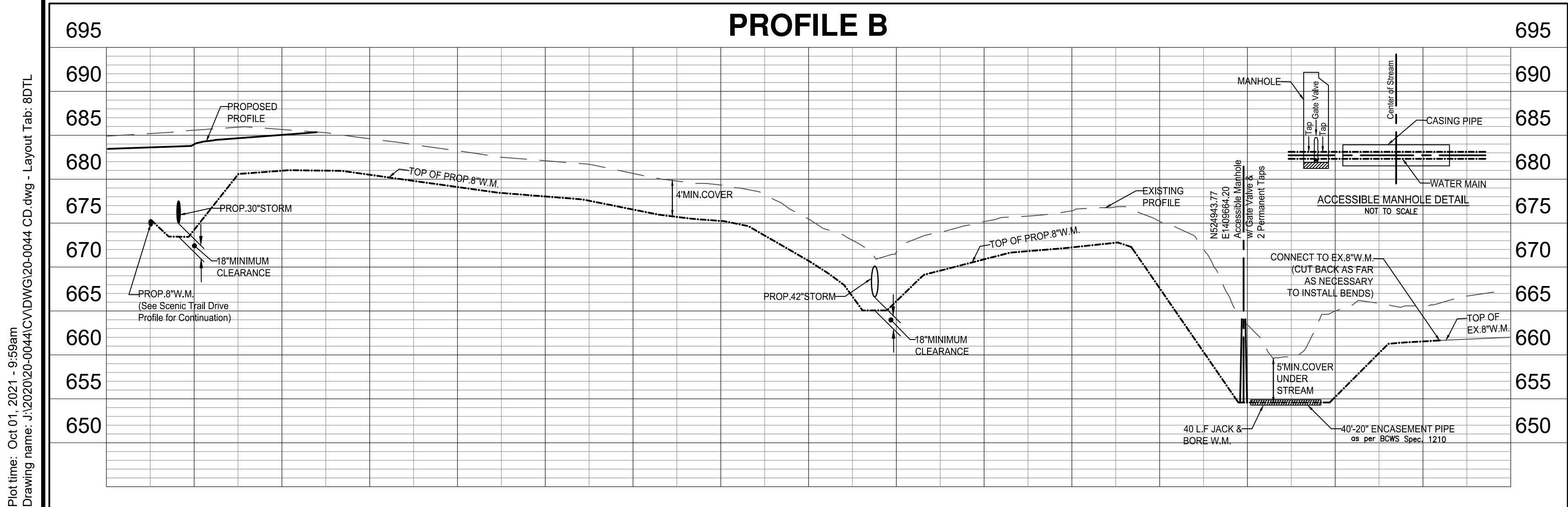
Item	Revision Description	Date	Dwn:	Chk:
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				

TIMBER TRAILS
SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C
SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO
INTERSECTION DETAILS & PROFILES



Drawing: 20-0044 CD
Drawn by: TAC
Checked by: XXX
Issue Date: 8-20-21

Plot time: Oct 01, 2021 - 9:59am
Drawing name: J:\2020\20-0044\CD\DWG\20-0044 CD.dwg - Layout Tab: 8DTL



THE DOCUMENT AND ALL RELATED DETAIL DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND ELECTRONIC MEDIA PREPARED OR FURNISHED BY BAYER BECKER (BB), ARE INSTRUMENTS OF BB'S PROFESSIONAL SERVICE, AND IS THE EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF BB. NO DISCLOSURE, USE, REPRODUCTION, OR DUPLICATION IN WHOLE OR IN PART, MAY BE MADE WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION OF BB, AND IS DONE SO AT USER'S SOLE RISK. COPYRIGHT - ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

**TIMBER TRAILS
SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C**

SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

Drainage Details

bayer becker
www.bayerbecker.com
6800 Tiersville Road, Suite A
Mason, OH 45040 - 513.336.6600

Item	Revision Description	Date	Chk
1	REVISED AS PER BCWS	9-21-21	TAC
2	Revised as per BCWS	9-30-21	TAC
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			

Drawing: 20-0044 CD
Drawn by: TAC
Checked by: XXX
Issue Date: 8-20-21
Sheet: 8/15

NOTES:

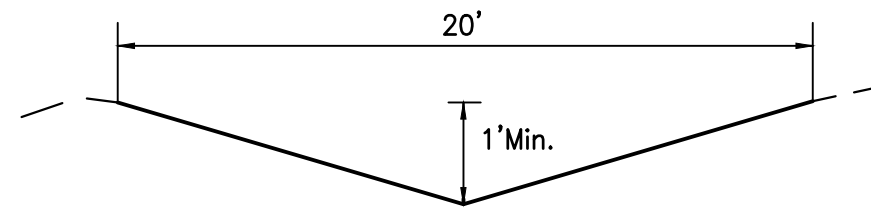
1. Regular inspection and maintenance will be provided for all erosion and sediment control practices. Permanent records of maintenance and inspections must be kept throughout the construction period. Inspections must be made a minimum of once every seven (7) days and immediately after storm events greater than 0.5 inches of rain in a 24 hour period. Provided will be name of inspector, major observations, date of inspection and corrective measures taken.
2. All erosion and sediment control practices must conform to the specifications of Rainwater and Land Development, Ohio's standards for storm water management, land development and urban stream protection.
3. Perimeter Sedimentation control and basins/traps shall be implemented as the first step of grading and within seven (7) days of initial grubbing or grading and shall continue to function until upland areas are stabilized.
4. Disturbed areas which will remain unworked for a period of fourteen (14) days or more, shall be stabilized with seeding and mulching or other approved means within seven (7) days. All disturbed areas within fifty (50) feet of an intermittent or solid blue line stream shall be stabilized within two (2) days. All areas of a site which are at final grade shall be stabilized with seeding and mulching or other approved means within seven (7) days.
5. Quantities for Erosion Control may vary between detailed plans and field conditions during construction. Plan quantities are a minimum; more erosion control may be necessary due to environmental conditions.
6. Sedimentation control and ditch swales are subject to change upon completion of entire set of construction drawings.
7. No solid or liquid waste shall be discharged into storm water runoff.
8. Home builders are responsible for erosion control on each individual lot.
9. Contractors to accept all quantities as correct prior to beginning construction.

GRADING NOTES

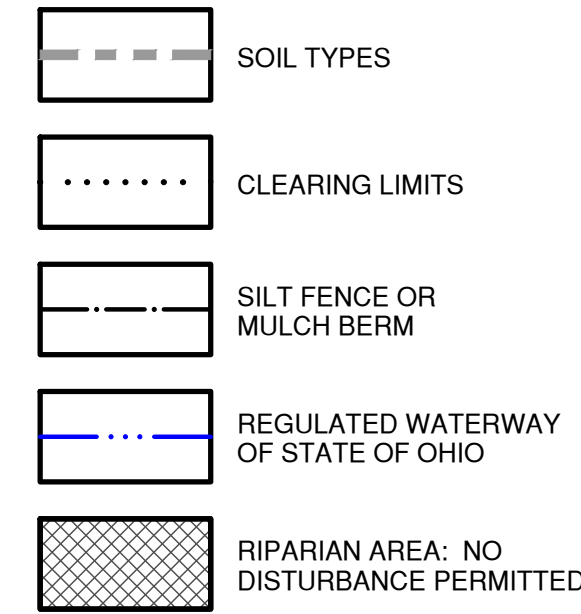
1. LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN A COPY OF THE COMPLETE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT PRIOR TO BIDDING THE PROJECT.
3. CONTRACTORS SHALL SET UP AN ONSITE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE BUTLER COUNTY STORM WATER DISTRICT/BCDO, DEVELOPER, PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, EARTHWORK CONTRACTOR, AND SITE CIVIL ENGINEER PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.
4. CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSUME THE TOP 8" OF EXISTING GROUND IS TOPSOIL. TOPSOIL REMOVED TO DEPTHS GREATER THAN 8" SHALL BE DONE ONLY AFTER CONSULTATION WITH THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND APPROVAL OF THE DEVELOPER.
5. ALL EARTHWORK AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL BE PERFORMED PER THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AS DESCRIBED IN THE GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION REPORT AND ALL ADDENDUMS.
6. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL EARTHWORK QUANTITIES PRIOR TO AWARD OF CONTRACT. PAY QUANTITIES ARE FINAL EXCEPT FOR DOCUMENTED UNDERCUT APPROVED BY DEVELOPER PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF THE EXTRA WORK. UPON REQUEST, CONTRACTORS MAY HAVE ACCESS TO THE SITE TO FIELD CHECK TOPOGRAPHY.
7. THE AREAS LABELED DENSE VEGETATION ARE WHERE THE EXISTING GROUND WAS OBSCURED FROM VIEW BY EXISTING VEGETATION. THE EXISTING CONTOURS SHOWN IN THIS AREA MAY VARY.

Note: All ditches constructed by the Developer shall be sodded or hydra-seeded.

TYPICAL DITCH SECTION

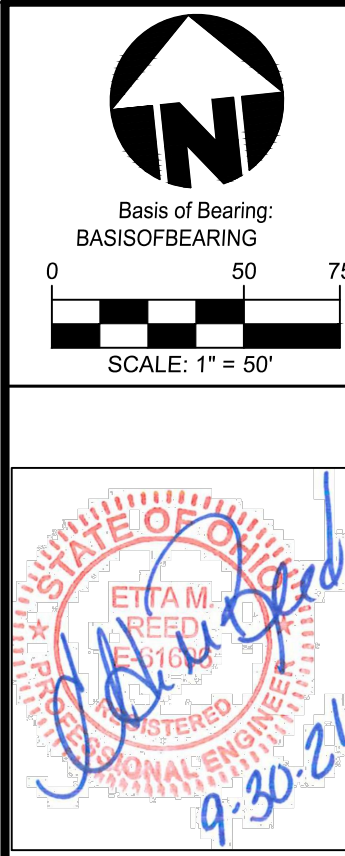


TYPICAL DRAINAGE ROUTE SECTION

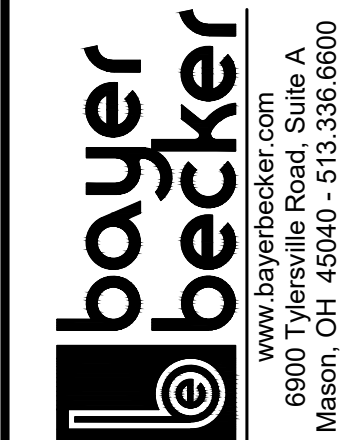


EROSION CONTROL TRAPS NOTES

- SEEDING AND MULCHING
 - SODDING
 - PRESERVE EXISTING VEGETATION
 - STRAW BALE
 - SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM
 - SOIL PILES
 - TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING
 - GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - GEOTEXTILE INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - GABIONS
 - STRAW BALE DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - SOD DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - GRAVEL & WIRE MESH DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - BLOCK & GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAPS & DAMS
 - DIKES & SLOPE PROTECTION
 - ROLLED GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - CHECK DAM
 - TEMPORARY DETENTION SEDIMENT FILTER/BASIN
 - DANDY BAG/BEAVER DAM® OR EQUAL
 - CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
 - CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA
- SEE SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DETAIL SHEET (Page #14)



TIMBER TRAILS
SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C
SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO
GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN



Drawing:	20-0044 CD
Drawn by:	TAC
Checked By:	XXX
Issue Date:	8-20-21
Sheet:	

9/15

PROJECT DATA		
Total Area -----	29.08 Ac.	
Sediment Basin Calculations:	Basin #1	Basin #2
Drainage Area -----	33.9 Ac.	40.3 Ac.
Disturbed Tributary Area -----	9.03 Ac.	37.82 Ac.
Required Sediment Storage -----	0.21 Ac./Ft.	0.86 Ac./Ft.
Required Dewatering Storage -----	0.47 Ac./Ft.	1.67 Ac./Ft.
Water Quality Volume Required -----	0.30 Ac./Ft.	1.10 Ac./Ft.
Estimated Proposed Impervious Area -----	3.8 Ac.(11.2%)	14.1 Ac.(35%)
Pre-Developed Runoff Coefficient -----	0.32	
Post-Developed Runoff Coefficient -----	0.50	
Immediate Receiving Waters -----	Unnamed Tributary to Great Miami River	
Subsequent Receiving Waters -----	Great Miami River	
SOIL TYPES		
Symbol	Name	Type
EcE2	Eden silty clay loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	D
HeE2	Hennepin-Miamian silt loams, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	C
MaC2	Miamian-Russell silt loams 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	C
MaD2	Miamian-Russell silt loams 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	C
RwB2	Russell-Miamian silt loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	C
RwB2	Russell-Miamian silt loams, bedrock substratum 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	D
Wyc2	Wynn silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	C
XeB	Xenia silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	C
REGULATED WATERWAY PERMITS OBTAINED		
Army Corps of Engineers Approved Jurisdictional Determination LRH-2021-303-GMR-UT Ohio EPA Isolated Wetland & Ephemeral Stream General Permit No.217436W		

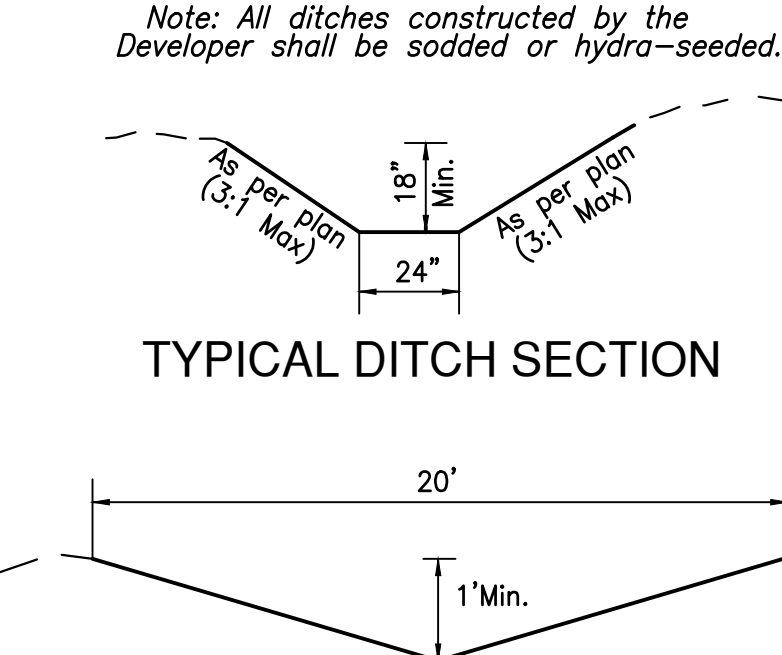
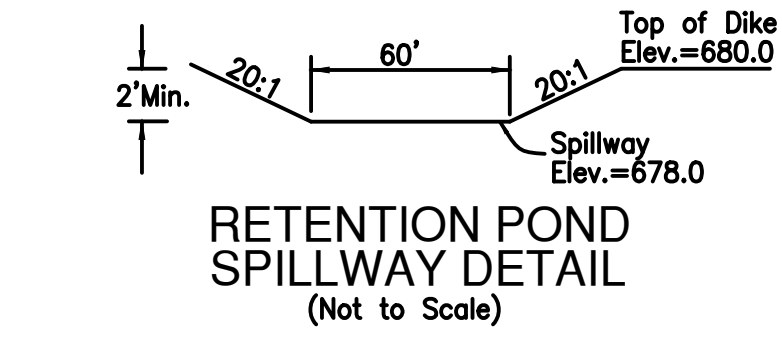
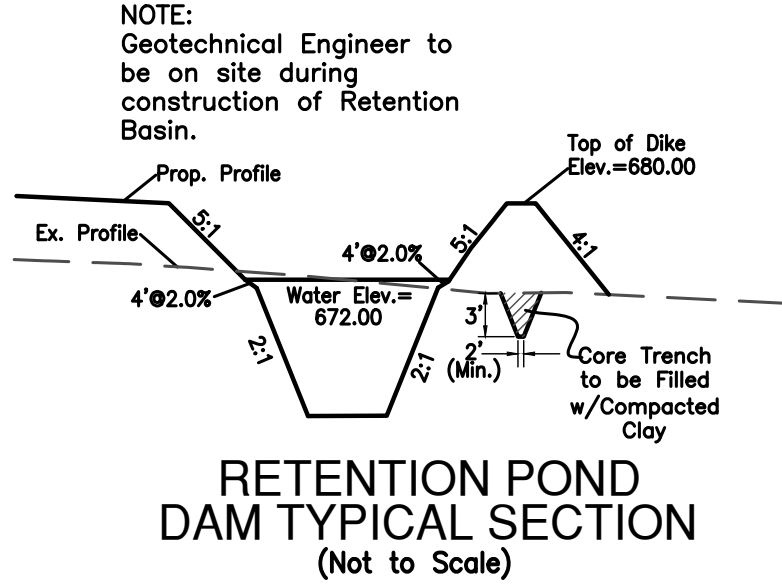
NOTES:
The Temporary Sediment Basins are to be cleaned out in accordance with the Rainwater and Land Development Manual and Butler County standards.

- NOTES:
- Regular inspection and maintenance will be provided for all erosion and sediment control practices. Permanent records of maintenance and inspections must be kept throughout the construction period. Inspections must be made a minimum of once every seven (7) days and immediately after storm events greater than 0.5 inches of rain in a 24 hour period. Provided will be name of inspector, major observations, date of inspection and corrective measures taken.
 - All erosion and sediment control practices must conform to the specifications of Rainwater and Land Development, Ohio's standards for storm water management, land development and urban stream protection.
 - Perimeter Sedimentation control and basins/traps shall be implemented as the first step of grading and within seven (7) days of initial grubbing or grading and shall continue to function until upland areas are stabilized.
 - Disturbed areas which will remain unworked for a period of fourteen (14) days or more, shall be stabilized with seeding and mulching or other approved means within seven (7) days. All disturbed areas within fifty (50) feet of an intermittent or solid blue line stream shall be stabilized within two (2) days. All areas of a site which are at final grade shall be stabilized with seeding and mulching or other approved means within seven (7) days.
 - Quantities for Erosion Control may vary between detailed plans and field conditions during construction. Plan quantities are a minimum; more erosion control may be necessary due to environmental conditions.
 - Sedimentation control and ditch swales are subject to change upon completion of entire set of construction drawings.
 - No solid or liquid waste shall be discharged into storm water runoff.
 - Home builders are responsible for erosion control on each individual lot.
 - Contractors to accept all quantities as correct prior to beginning construction.

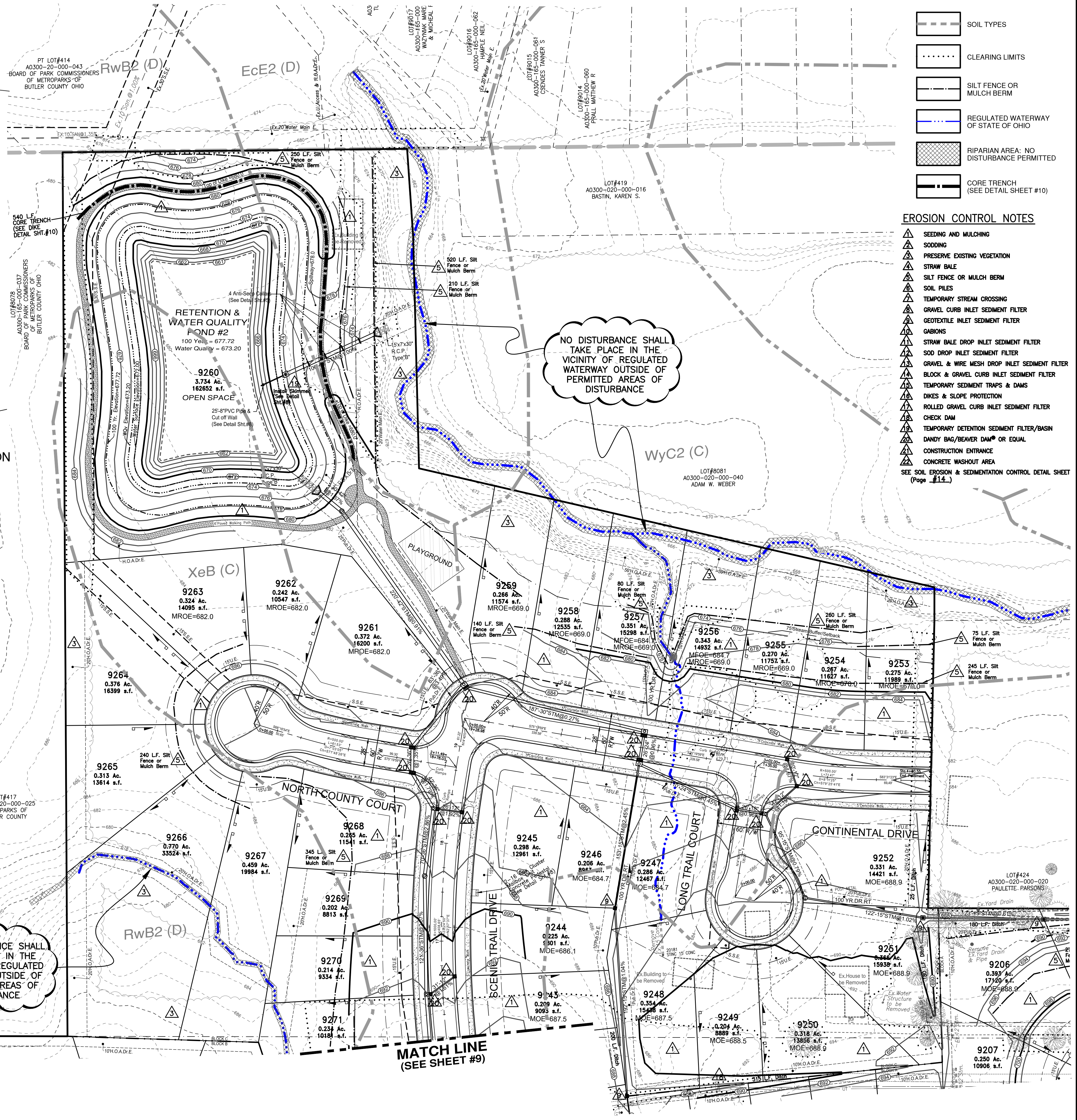
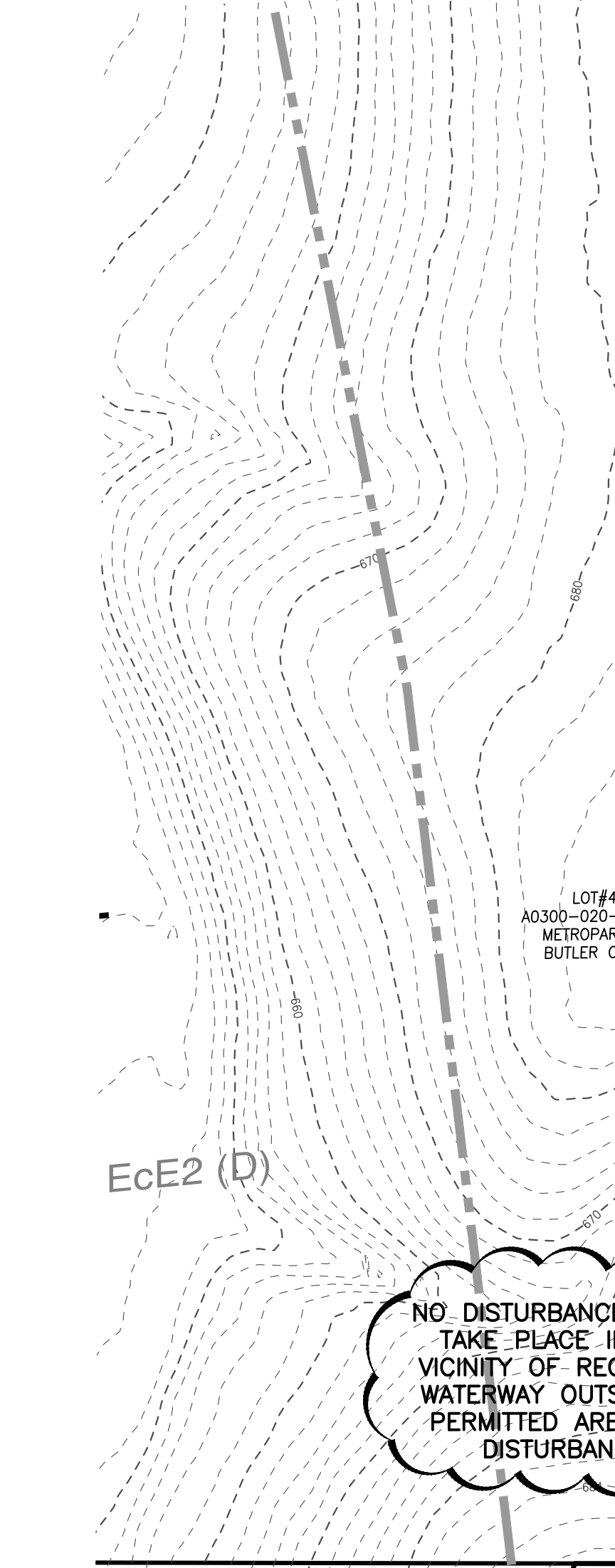
STREAM CROSSING DETAILS

The Ohio E.P.A. has concerns about any sanitary sewer which crosses or runs parallel to any flowing streams. For streams which drain one square mile or greater, communities are required to implement control practices in these areas as much as possible. For streams with less than one square mile of drainage, communities must implement control practices as much as practical. The area of concern includes 2.5 times the full bank width of the stream on both sides of the stream (riparian area). For these stream crossings or other areas where the sewers are in the riparian area, the entity should specify the means for mitigating any impacts on these streams which could result from this activity. These factors would include the following:

- The construction easements for the clearing activities should be as narrow as possible or practical depending on the size of the stream. A maximum of a 20 foot clearing limit is all that will be allowed in the riparian area. For all sanitary sewers running proposed along a stream, the clearing limit should be shifted as far from the stream as possible.
- The construction of the stream crossing should be completed as soon as possible but not exceed more than one day.
- The material removed from the trench excavation should be stored outside of the riparian area. This area should be enclosed by a siltation fence.
- Trees within the riparian area should be avoided as much as possible. Older trees along the stream should be given the greatest level of protection possible. In the event that a tree must be removed, the tree should be severely steep, jute mottling may be utilized to provide bank stabilization. In most cases, the stream bank should be stabilized within one day of completion of the stream crossing.
- The stockpile location for the materials used for the pipe bedding material and the backfill material should be shown on the detailed plans. This area should be located outside of the riparian area. (See plans for stockpile location).
- Any locations where equipment will cross the stream should have a temporary stream crossing constructed. Construction equipment crossings should only be used when there is no other feasible method such as constructing sewers from both sides of the stream. For situations where this may not be practical, two common ways to construct a stream crossing are using tree trunks removed from other locations of the project laid lengthwise in the stream or constructing a culvert in the stream with back fill placed on top of it. The temporary stream culverts should be designed in accordance to the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Soil and Water Conservation's "Rainwater and Land Development" manual.
- All trench dewatering shall be passed through a sediment impoundment structure. Adequate outlet protection must be provided for each impoundment. If any groundwater dewatering should occur, the contractor shall contact the Ohio Department of Nature Resources, Division of Water, to assure proper well installation and abandonment of wells. The contractor shall not direct the groundwater to the impoundment intended for trench water.



TYPICAL DRAINAGE ROUTE SECTION



---	SOIL TYPES
.....	CLEARING LIMITS
---	SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM
---	REGULATED WATERWAY OF STATE OF OHIO
---	RIPARIAN AREA: NO DISTURBANCE PERMITTED
---	CORE TRENCH (SEE DETAIL SHEET #10)

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- SEEDING AND MULCHING
 - SODDING
 - PRESERVE EXISTING VEGETATION
 - STRAW BALE
 - SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM
 - SOIL PILES
 - TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING
 - GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - GEOTEXTILE INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - GABIONS
 - STRAW BALE DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - SOD DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - GRAVEL & WIRE MESH DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - BLOCK & GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAPS & DAMS
 - DIKES & SLOPE PROTECTION
 - ROLLED GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER
 - CHECK DAM
 - TEMPORARY DETENTION SEDIMENT FILTER/BASIN
 - DANDY BAG/BEAVER DAM® OR EQUAL
 - CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
 - CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA
- SEE SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DETAIL SHEET (Page #14.)

Item	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Revision Description									
Date									
Drawn: Chk:									
Issue Date									

TIMBER TRAILS

SECTION ONE, BLOCKS A, B & C

SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3

FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

www.bayerbecker.com
6800 Tiersville Road, Suite A
Mason, OH 45040 - 513.336.6600

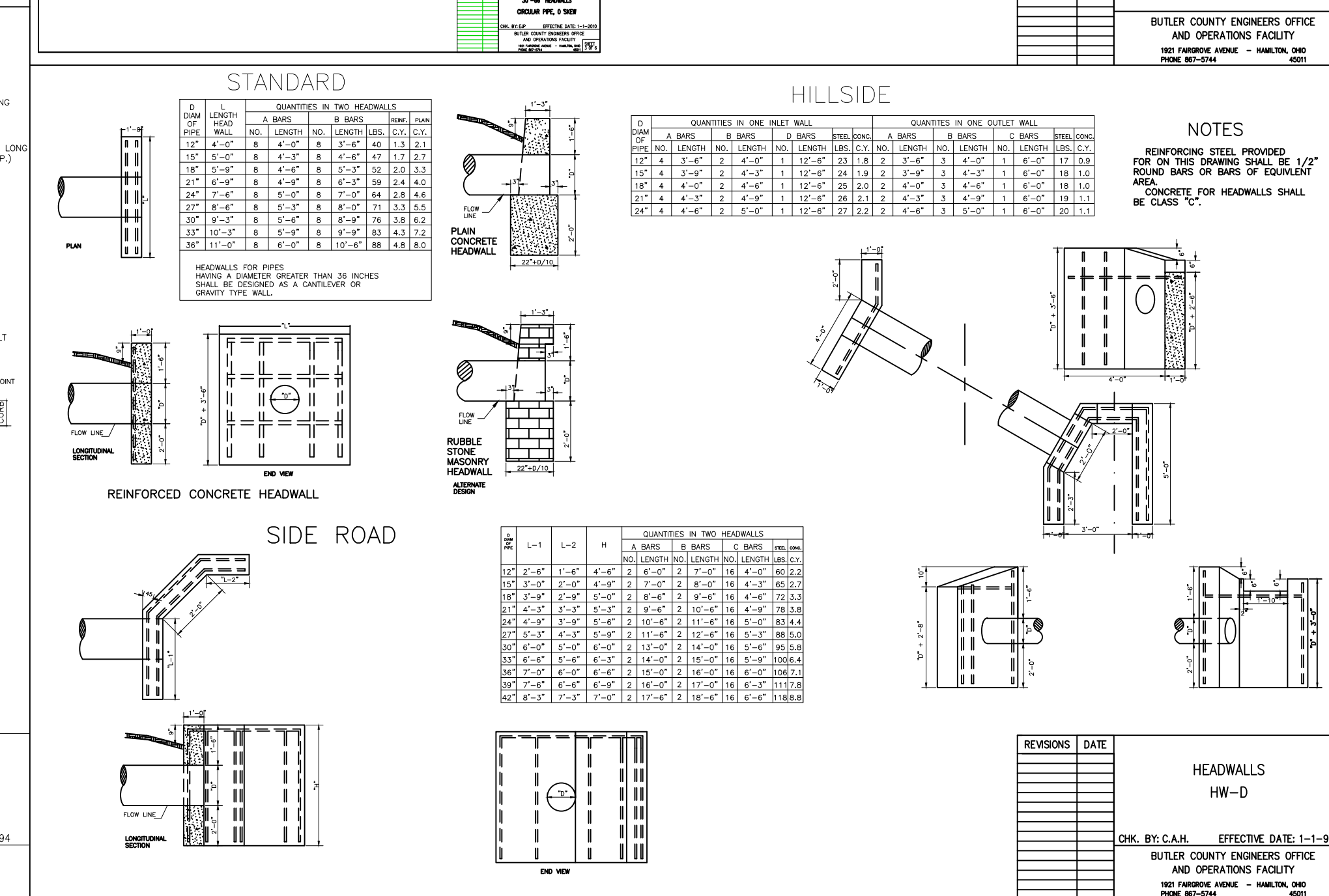
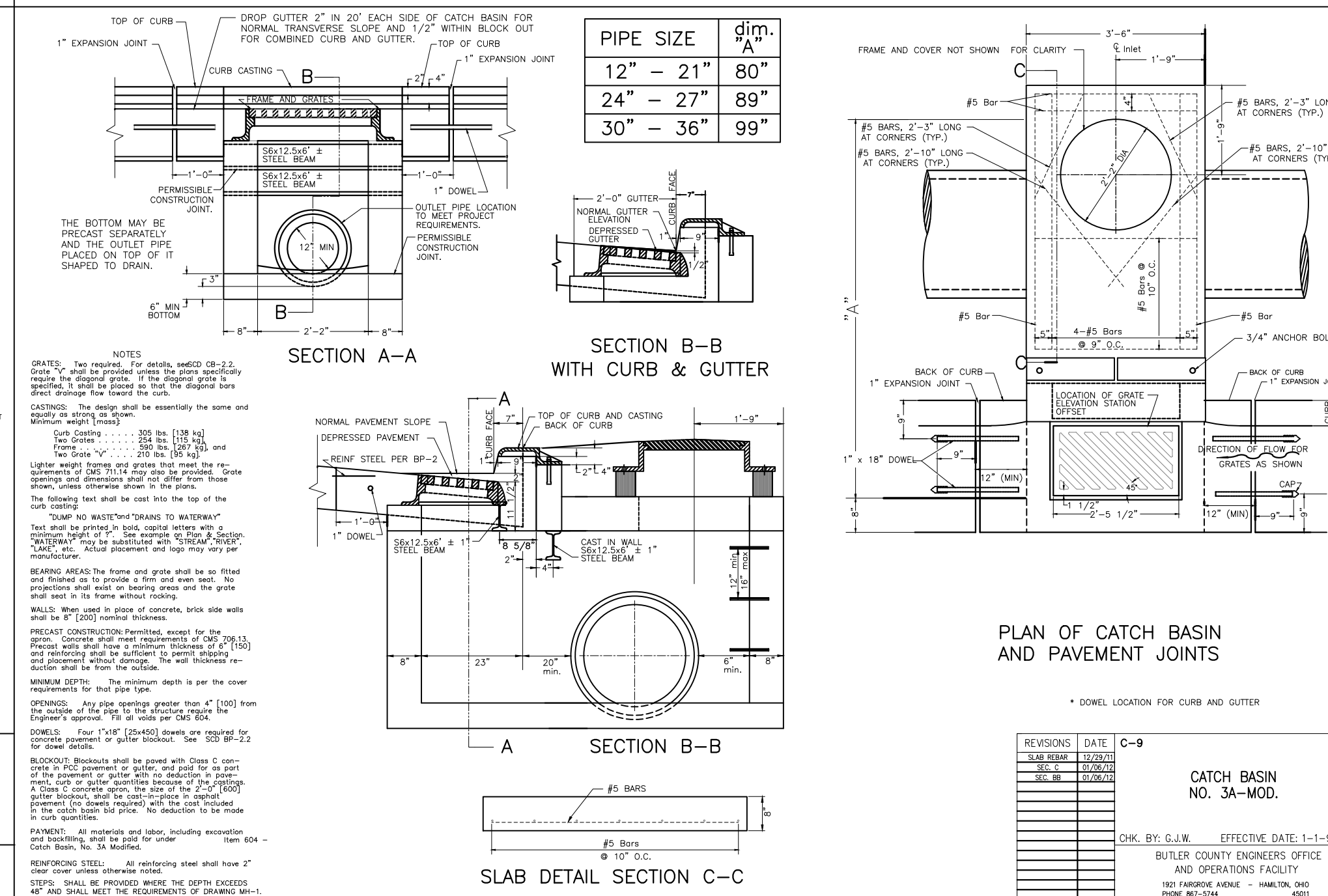
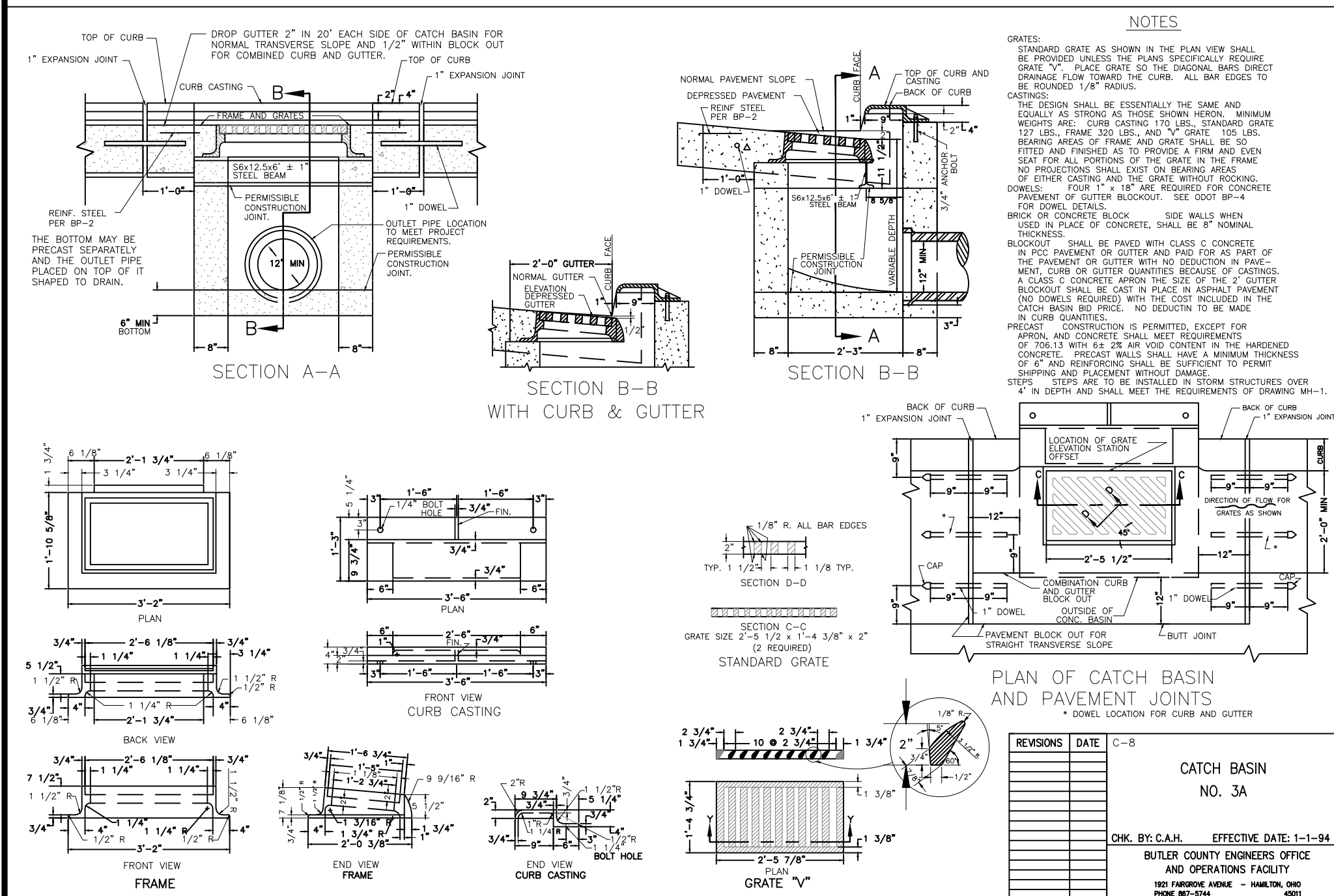
Drawing: 20-0044 CD

Drawn by: TAC

Checked by: XXX

Issue Date: 8-20-21

Sheet: 10/15

[illegible]

GENERAL NOTES

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

Vegetative practices

Such practices may include: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, matting, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, phasing and protection of trees. The contractor shall initiate appropriate vegetative practices on all disturbed areas within seven (7) days if they are to remain dormant (undisturbed) for more than fourteen (14) days. Permanent or temporary soil stabilization shall be applied to disturbed areas within seven (7) days after final grade is reached on any portion of the site.

Structural Practices

Structural practices shall be used to control erosion and trap sediment from all sites remaining disturbed for more than fourteen (14) days.

Timing
Sediment control structures shall be functional throughout earth disturbing activity. Sediment ponds and perimeter sediment barriers shall be implemented as the first step of grading and within seven days from the start of grubbing. They shall continue to function until the upslope development area is reestablished.

Sediment Barriers

Sheet flow runoff from denuded areas shall be intercepted by sediment barriers. Sediment barriers, such as sediment fences or diversions direction runoff to settling facilities, shall protect adjacent properties and water resources from sediment transported by sheet flow.

Erosion and sediment control practices used to satisfy the conditions of this plan shall meet the standards and specifications in the current edition of Water Management and Sediment Control in Urbanized Areas (Soil Conservation Service.)

Waste Disposal

No solid or liquid waste, including building materials, shall be discharged in storm water runoff. Off-site vehicle tracking of sediments shall be minimized. The plan shall ensure and demonstrate compliance and applicable State of local waste disposal, sanitary sewer or septic system regulations.

Maintenance

All temporary and permanent control practices shall be maintained and repaired as needed to assure continued performance of their intended function.

Dormant Seeding

1. Seedings shall not be planted from October 1 through November 20. During this period the seeds are likely to germinate but probably will not be able to survive the winter.

2. The following methods may be used for "Dormant Seeding":

From October 1 through November 20, prepare the seedbed, add the required amounts of lime and fertilizer, then mulch and anchor. After November 20 and before March 15, broadcast the selected seed mixture. Increase the seeding rates by 50% for this type of seeding.

From November 20 through March 15, when soil conditions permit, prepare the seedbed, lime and fertilize, apply the selected seed mixture, mulch and anchor. Increase the seeding rates by 50% for this type of seeding.

Apply seed uniformly with a cyclone seeder, drill, cultipacker seeder, or hydro-seeder (slurry may include seed and fertilizer) on a firm, moist seedbed.

Where feasible, except when a cultipacker type seeder is used, the seedbed should be firmed following seeding operations with a cultipacker, roller, or light drag. On sloping land, seeding operations should be on the contour where feasible.

REVEGETATION

Seed, sod or mulch bare soil as soon as possible

SEEDING AND MULCHING

Spread 4 to 6 inches of topsoil. Fertilize according to soil test (or apply 10 lb./1000 sq. ft. of 20-10-10 or 10-10-10 fertilizer.) Seed with an appropriate mix for the site (see table.) Rake lightly to cover seed with 1/4" of soil. Roll lightly. Mulch with straw (70-90 lb. or one bale per 1000 sq. ft.) Anchor mulch by punching 2 inches into the soil with a dull, weighted disk or by using netting or other measures on steep slopes, or windy areas. Water gently every day or two to keep soil moist. Less watering is needed once grass is 2 inches tall.

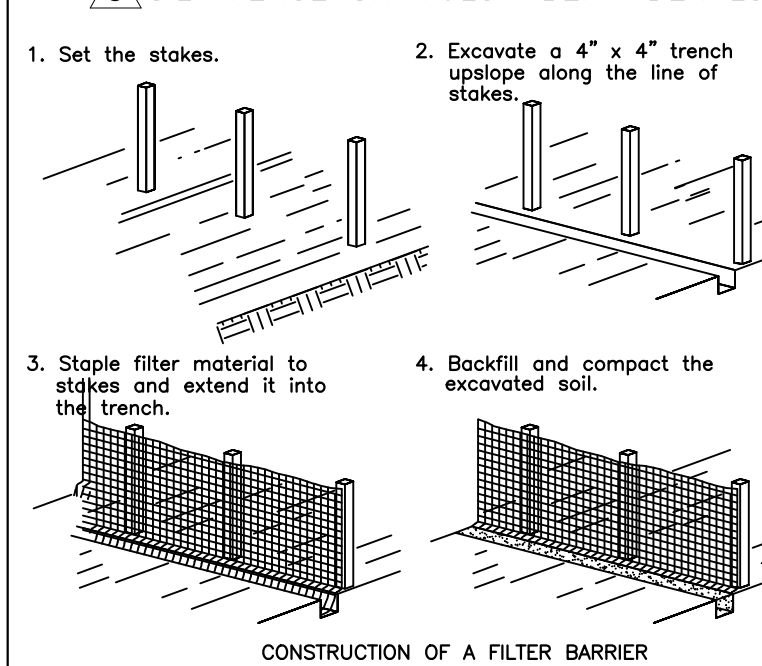
SODDING

Spread 4 to 6 inches of topsoil. Fertilize according to soil test (or apply 10 lb./1000 sq. ft. of 20-10-10 or 10-10-10 fertilizer.) Lightly water the soil. Lay sod. Tamp or roll lightly. On slopes, lay sod starting at the bottom and work toward the top. Peg each piece down in several places. Initial watering should wet soil 6 inches deep (or until water stands 1 inch deep in a straight-sided container.) Then water lightly every day or two for 2 weeks. If construction is completed after October 31, seeding or sodding may be delayed. Applying mulch or temporary seed (such as rye or winter wheat) is recommended if weather permits. Straw bale or silt fences must be maintained until final seeding or sodding is completed in spring March 15- May 31.

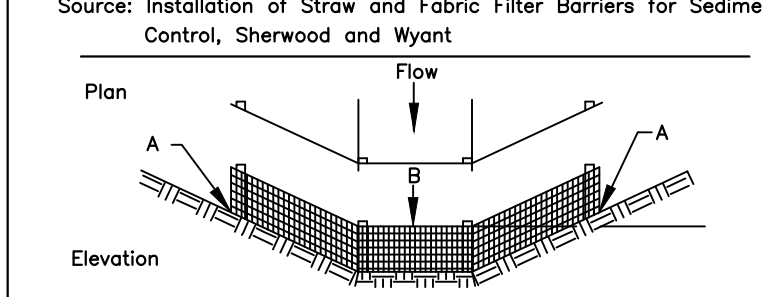
MULCH BERM

1. Mulch berm should be placed along a level contour so that it will not channel runoff and create concentrated flows.
2. Upland drainage limitations (sheet flow)
3. Design Criteria
- particle sizes (99% passing 1 inch sieve etc.)
- moisture content
- no less than 70% organics
4. Planning considerations: most effective when combined with vegetated buffer.

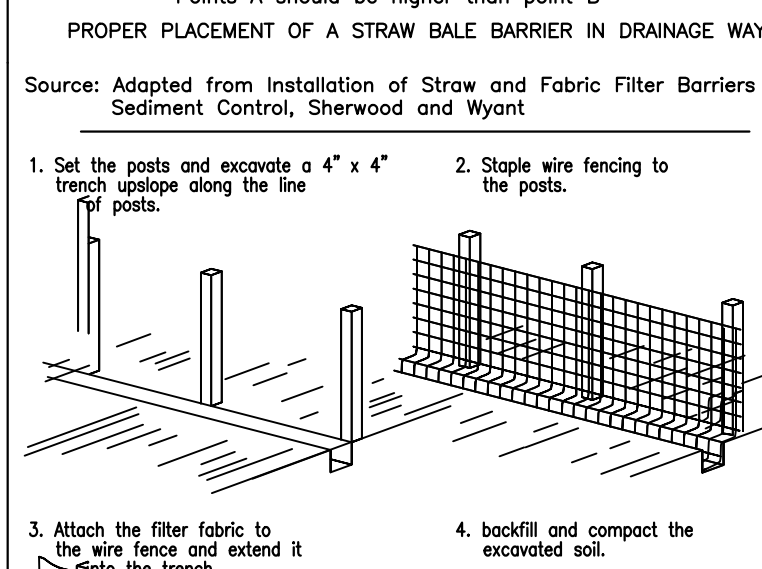
1. SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM DETAILS



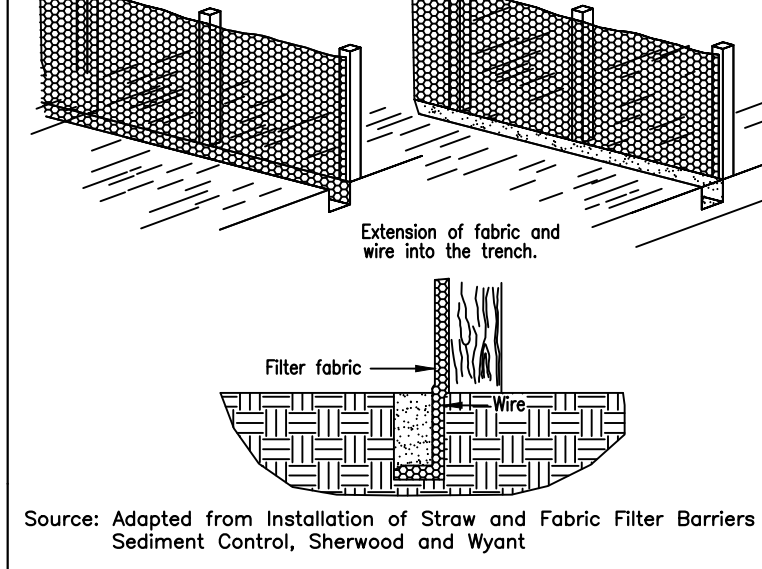
Source: Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant



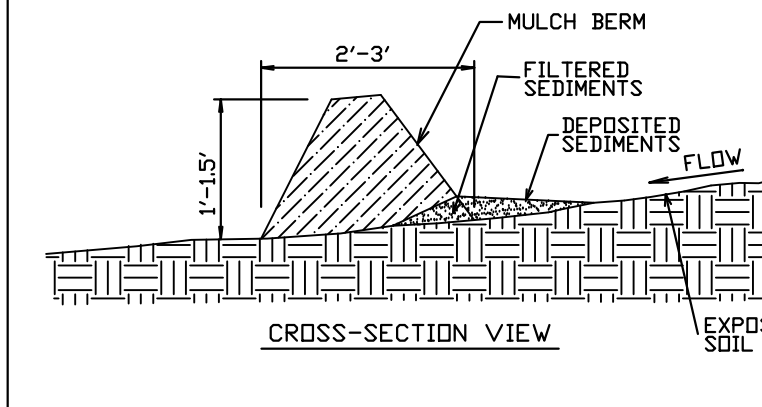
Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

INSTALLATION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MULCH BERM:

- Mulch berm should be placed along a level contour so that it will not channel runoff and create concentrated flows.
- Upland drainage limitations (sheet flow)
- Design Criteria
 - particle sizes (99% passing 1 inch sieve etc.)
 - moisture content
 - no less than 70% organics
- Planning considerations: most effective when combined with vegetated buffer.



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

PRESERVING EXISTING VEGETATION

Wherever possible, preserve existing trees, shrubs, and other vegetation. To prevent root damage, do not grade, place soil piles, or park vehicles near trees marked for preservation. Place plastic mesh or snow fence barriers around trees to protect the area below their branches.

SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM

Put up before any other work is done. Install on downslope side(s) of site with ends extended up sideslopes a short distance. Place parallel to the contour of the land to allow water to pond behind fence. Entrench 4 inches deep (see back page.) Stake (2 stakes per bale OR 1 stake every 3 feet for silt fence.) Leave no gaps between bales or sections of silt fence. Inspect and repair once a week and after every 1/2 inch rain. Remove sediment if deposits reach half the fence or straw bale height. Maintain until a lawn is established.

SOIL PILES

Located away from any downslope street, driveway, stream, lake, wetland, ditch or drainage way. Temporary seed such as annual rye is recommended for topsoil piles. Surround with straw bales or silt fence.

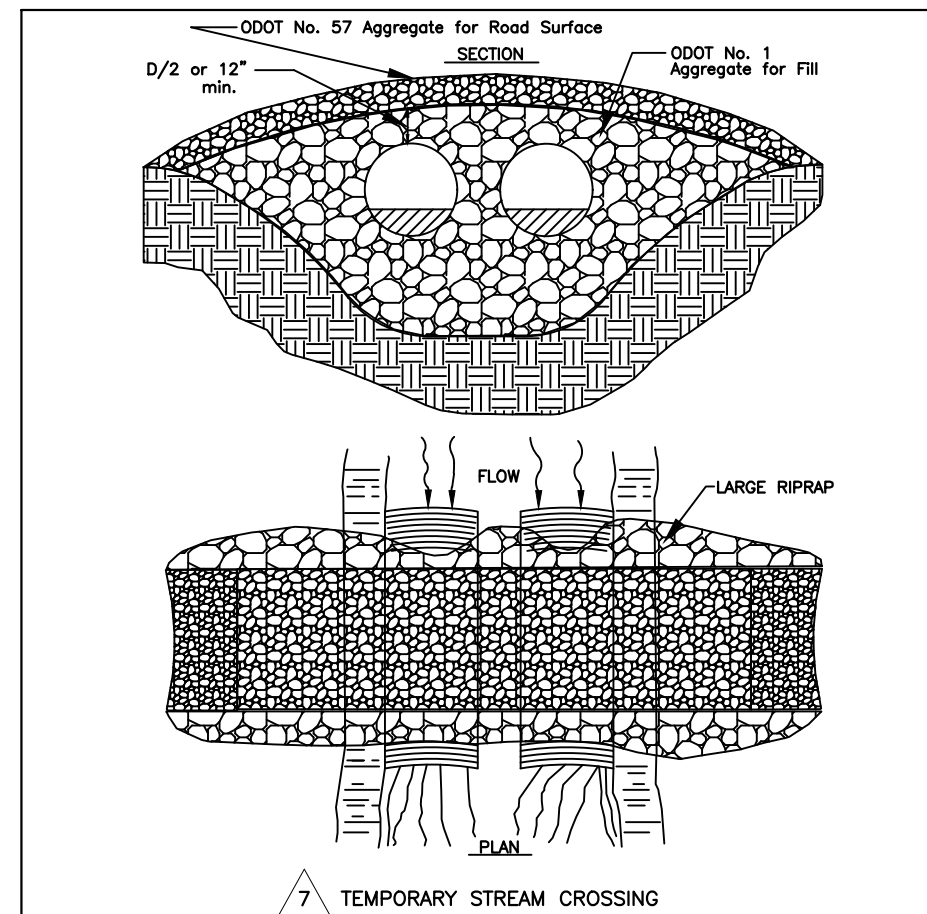
GRAVEL DRIVE

Install a single access drive using 3 to 5 inch aggregate over a geotextile material. Lay gravel 6 inches deep and 10 feet wide from the foundation to the street. Use to prevent tracking dirt onto the road by all vehicles. Maintain throughout construction until driveway is paved. Park all construction vehicles on the street and off of the site.

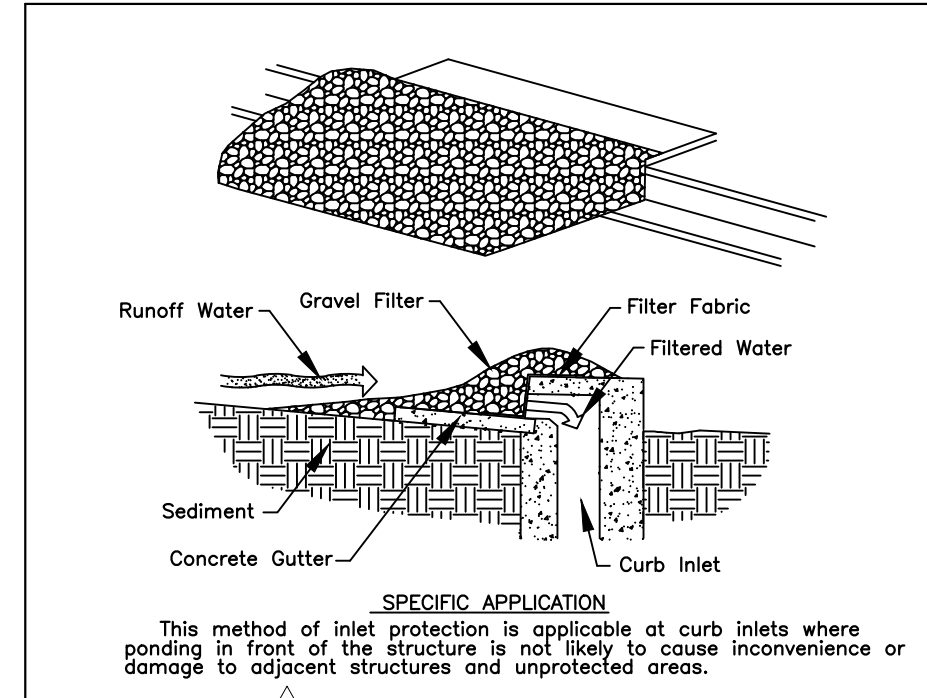
SEDIMENT CLEANUP

By the end of each work day, sweep or scrape up soil tracked onto the road. By the end of the next work day after a storm, clean up soil washed off-site, and check straw bales and silt fence for damage or sediment buildup. DOWNSLOPE EXTENDERS

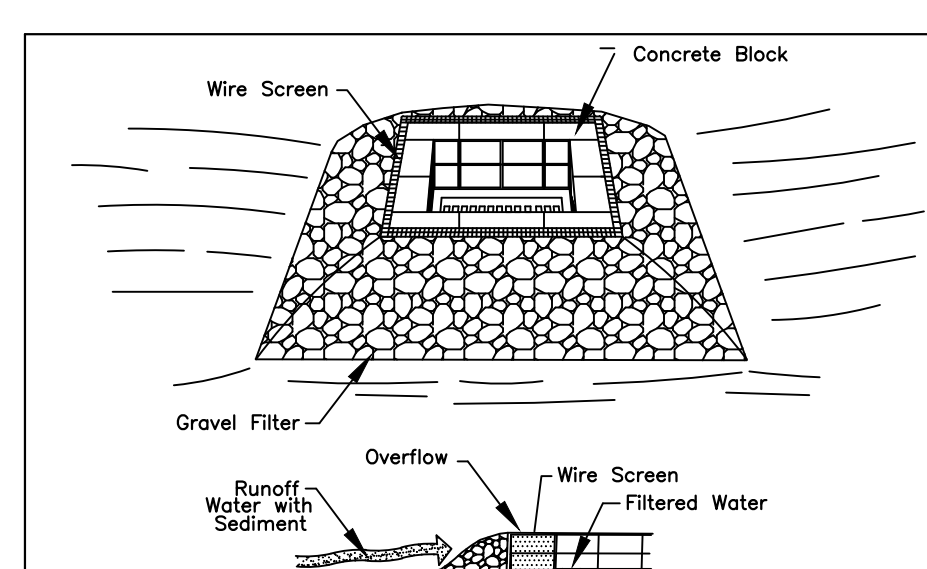
Not required, but highly recommended. Install as soon as gutters and downspouts are completed. Route water to a grassed or paved area. Maintain until a lawn is established.



Source: Adapted from product literature of Bekoert Gabions



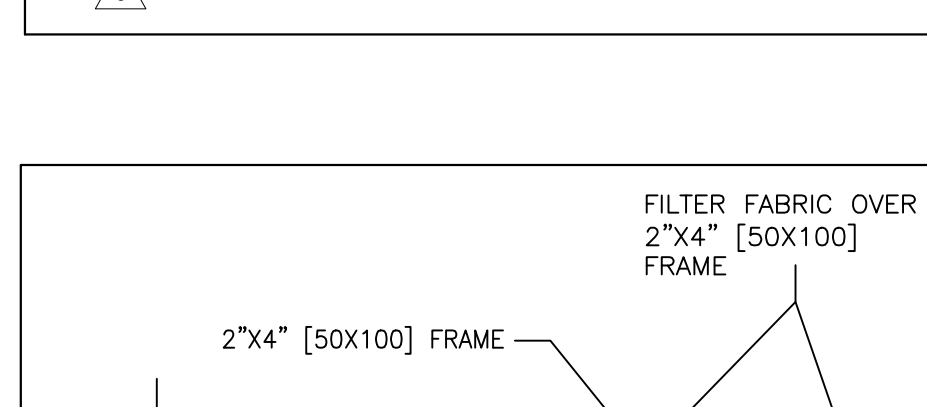
Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

INSTALLATION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MULCH BERM:

- Mulch berm should be placed along a level contour so that it will not channel runoff and create concentrated flows.
- Upland drainage limitations (sheet flow)
- Design Criteria
 - particle sizes (99% passing 1 inch sieve etc.)
 - moisture content
 - no less than 70% organics
- Planning considerations: most effective when combined with vegetated buffer.



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

PRESERVING EXISTING VEGETATION

Wherever possible, preserve existing trees, shrubs, and other vegetation. To prevent root damage, do not grade, place soil piles, or park vehicles near trees marked for preservation. Place plastic mesh or snow fence barriers around trees to protect the area below their branches.

SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM

Put up before any other work is done. Install on downslope side(s) of site with ends extended up sideslopes a short distance. Place parallel to the contour of the land to allow water to pond behind fence. Entrench 4 inches deep (see back page.) Stake (2 stakes per bale OR 1 stake every 3 feet for silt fence.) Leave no gaps between bales or sections of silt fence. Inspect and repair once a week and after every 1/2 inch rain. Remove sediment if deposits reach half the fence or straw bale height. Maintain until a lawn is established.

SOIL PILES

Located away from any downslope street, driveway, stream, lake, wetland, ditch or drainage way. Temporary seed such as annual rye is recommended for topsoil piles. Surround with straw bales or silt fence.

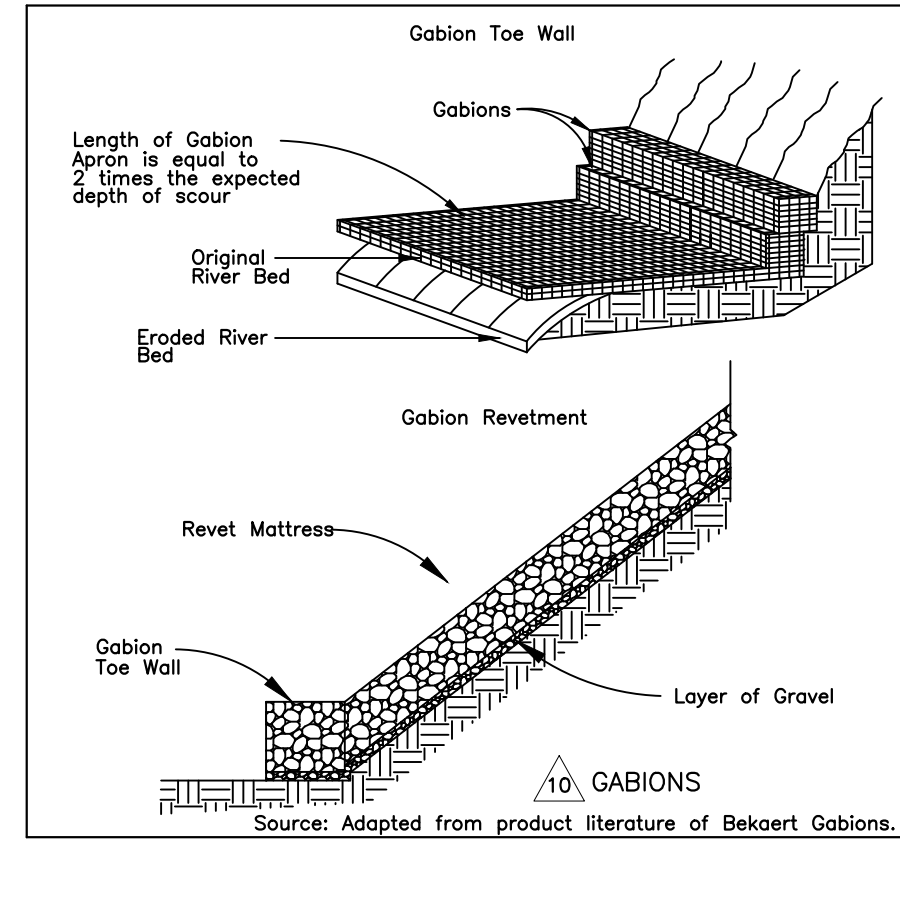
GRAVEL DRIVE

Install a single access drive using 3 to 5 inch aggregate over a geotextile material. Lay gravel 6 inches deep and 10 feet wide from the foundation to the street. Use to prevent tracking dirt onto the road by all vehicles. Maintain throughout construction until driveway is paved. Park all construction vehicles on the street and off of the site.

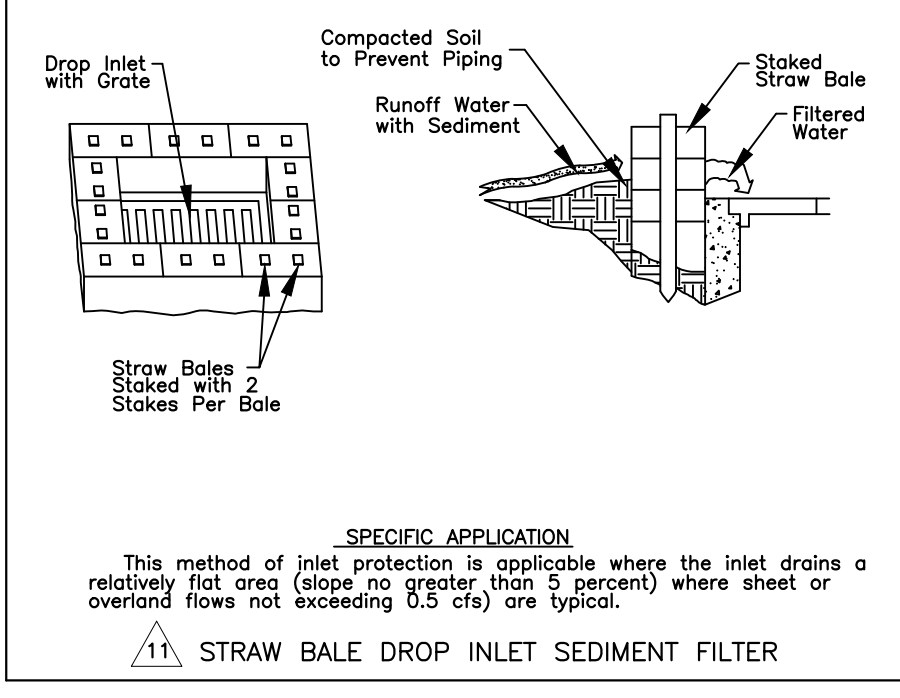
SEDIMENT CLEANUP

By the end of each work day, sweep or scrape up soil tracked onto the road. By the end of the next work day after a storm, clean up soil washed off-site, and check straw bales and silt fence for damage or sediment buildup. DOWNSLOPE EXTENDERS

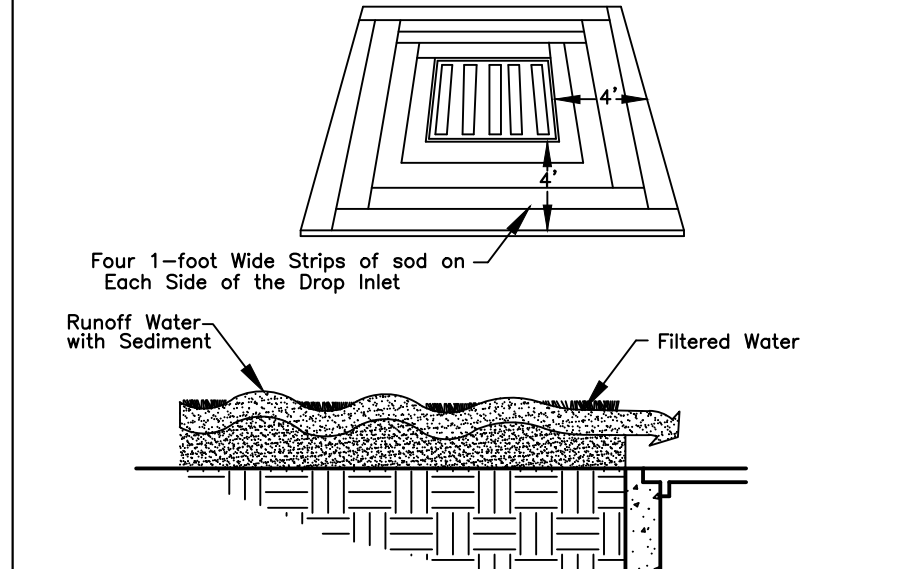
Not required, but highly recommended. Install as soon as gutters and downspouts are completed. Route water to a grassed or paved area. Maintain until a lawn is established.



Source: Adapted from product literature of Bekoert Gabions



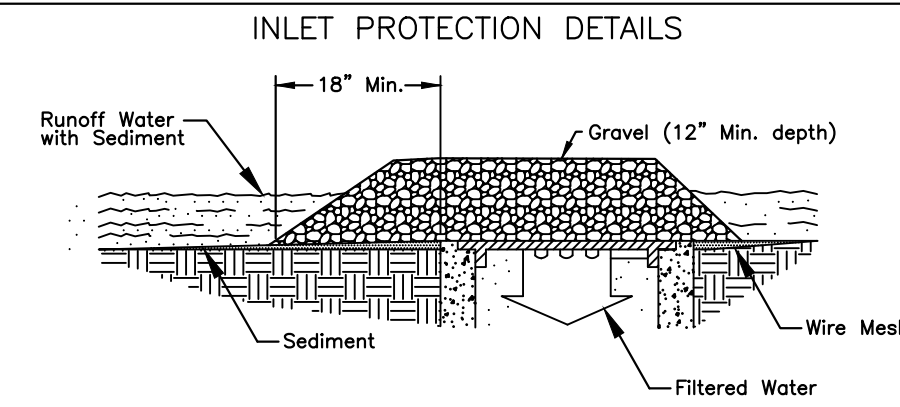
Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

INSTALLATION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MULCH BERM:

- Mulch berm should be placed along a level contour so that it will not channel runoff and create concentrated flows.
- Upland drainage limitations (sheet flow)
- Design Criteria
 - particle sizes (99% passing 1 inch sieve etc.)
 - moisture content
 - no less than 70% organics
- Planning considerations: most effective when combined with vegetated buffer.



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

PRESERVING EXISTING VEGETATION

Wherever possible, preserve existing trees, shrubs, and other vegetation. To prevent root damage, do not grade, place soil piles, or park vehicles near trees marked for preservation. Place plastic mesh or snow fence barriers around trees to protect the area below their branches.

SILT FENCE OR MULCH BERM

Put up before any other work is done. Install on downslope side(s) of site with ends extended up sideslopes a short distance. Place parallel to the contour of the land to allow water to pond behind fence. Entrench 4 inches deep (see back page.) Stake (2 stakes per bale OR 1 stake every 3 feet for silt fence.) Leave no gaps between bales or sections of silt fence. Inspect and repair once a week and after every 1/2 inch rain. Remove sediment if deposits reach half the fence or straw bale height. Maintain until a lawn is established.

SOIL PILES

Located away from any downslope street, driveway, stream, lake, wetland, ditch or drainage way. Temporary seed such as annual rye is recommended for topsoil piles. Surround with straw bales or silt fence.

GRAVEL DRIVE

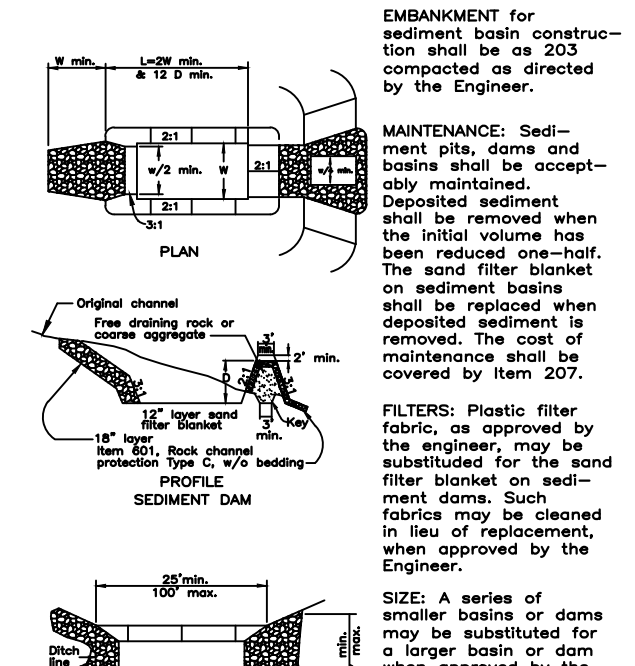
Install a single access drive using 3 to 5 inch aggregate over a geotextile material. Lay gravel 6 inches deep and 10 feet wide from the foundation to the street. Use to prevent tracking dirt onto the road by all vehicles. Maintain throughout construction until driveway is paved. Park all construction vehicles on the street and off of the site.

SEDIMENT CLEANUP

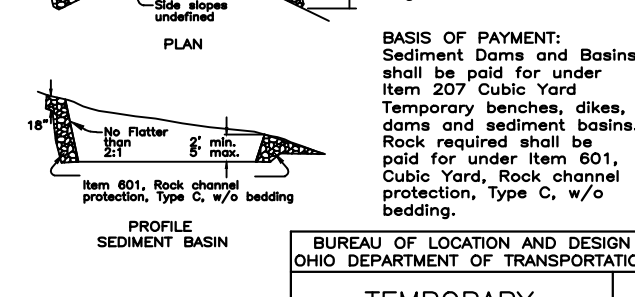
By the end of each work day, sweep or scrape up soil tracked onto the road. By the end of the next work day after a storm, clean up soil washed off-site, and check straw bales and silt fence for damage or sediment buildup. DOWNSLOPE EXTENDERS

Not required, but highly recommended. Install as soon as gutters and downspouts are completed. Route water to a grassed or paved area. Maintain until a lawn is established.

SEDIMENT TRAPS & DAMS



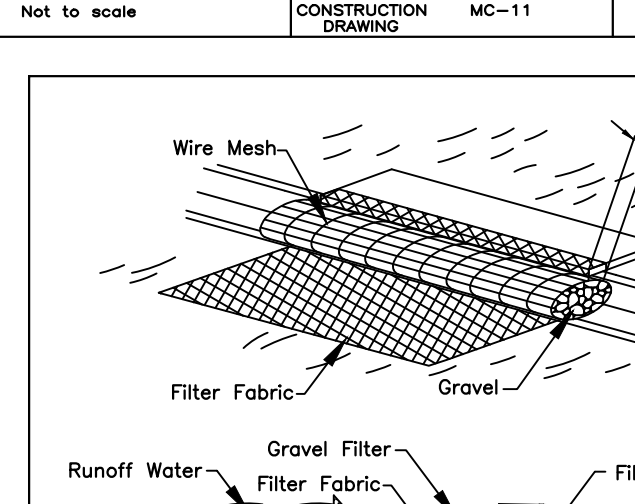
Source: Adapted from product literature of Bekoert Gabions



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

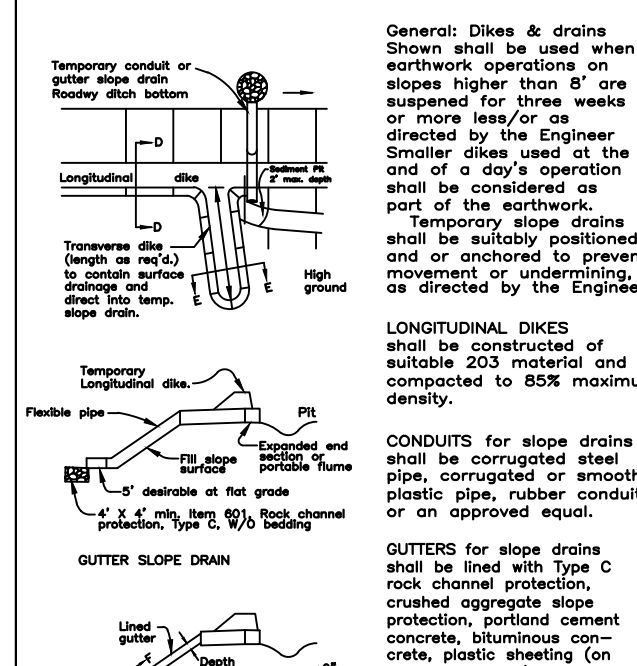
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

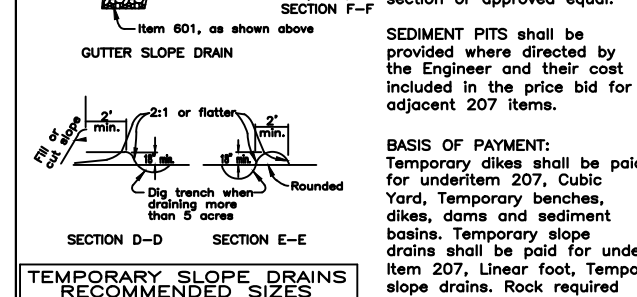
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

DIKES AND SLOPE PROTECTION



Source: Adapted from product literature of Bekoert Gabions



Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

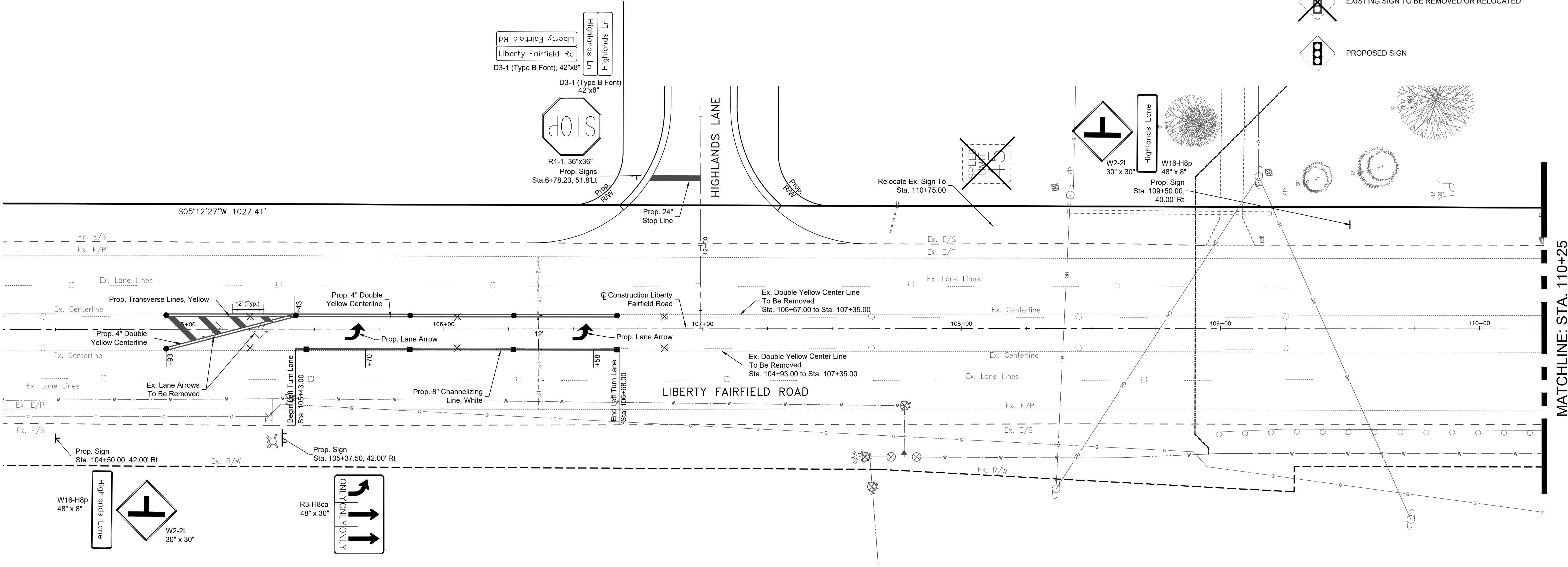
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

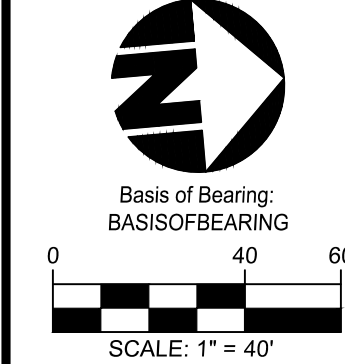
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL



- LEGEND:**
- EXISTING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS
 - EXISTING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS TO BE REMOVED
 - ITEM 621 - RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS, WHITE/RED
 - ITEM 621 - RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS, YELLOW/YELLOW
 - EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN
 - EXISTING SIGN TO BE REMOVED OR RELOCATED
 - PROPOSED SIGN



Date	Drawn	Chk
9-22-21	JE	

Item	Revision Description
1	REVISED AS PER BCEO
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	

TIMBER TRAILS
SECTIONS 15 & 16, TOWN 2, RANGE 3
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN



Drawing:	20-0044 TC
Drawn by:	MGS
Checked By:	EMR
Issue Date:	8-20-21